DALY CITY RECORD

Companion Publication with the SAN MATEO INDEX of the City of San Mateo

BY J. L. BROWN | DALY CITY, SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1913 | VOL. 5. NO, 36

THE SUPERVISORS

San Mateo County Legislators Hold Their First Regular Meeting of the Month

The first meeting in December of the Board of Supervisors was held in Redwood City Monday morning with all members present.

The various county officers made their reports. The Treasurer's report showed a balance of $578,039.31.

General Edward Kirkpatrick asked that a lateral road be built from the new county highway to Tobin, in order to accommodate the people of the valley adjacent, the right-of-way to be free. It was ordered that the County Surveyor proceed in the matter and report at the next meeting.

Miss H. G. Eddy of Sacramento, representing the State Library, addressed the Board, urging the appointment of a librarian for San Mateo county. Mr. MacBain moved that the matter be referred to District Attorney Swart for his opinion, to be reported upon at the next meeting.

The applications of Gieanni and Beltanni for licenses at San Bruno were rejected, for the reason, as Supervisor Casey stated, that he believed they were not asked for in good faith, being probably for the use of other parties.

The applications of George Vincent of the Bungalow was laid over 30 days and the same action was taken with the application of Peter Tester of Visitacion.

The application of Jos. J. Welch for a class B license will be passed upon at the next meeting.

The application of Victor L. Coppa, the new proprietor of the Boulevard, at Mission road and School street, Colma, for many years conducted by Caleb Coakley, was made and will most likely be granted at the next regular meeting.

The people of Menlo Park Lighting District petitioned for the installation of eight new lights, and the lighting company was ordered notified.

Plans and specifications for the San Pedro Mountain road grading between Edgemar and Farallone not being completed, it was decided to hold a special meeting January 10 to consider the matter.

No bids having been received for the Burlingame school bonds, it was ordered that the same be again advertised, bids to be opened December 15.

Plans and specifications were presented by Surveyor Neuman for the overhead crossing at Thornton station on the Colma-Ocean School street road, to cost $650, the Ocean Shore Railroad furnishing all heavy timbers and free transportation, and the same was ordered advertised.

Surveyor Neuman asked that the State Highway Commission be asked for transcripts of its official surveys in San Mateo county, and the Clerk and Surveyor were ordered to make the request, to report at the next meeting.

A petition was read asking for a change of grade of the County Highway through Redwood City and permission for property owners to construct curbing, etc., and was referred to District Attorney Swart.

Representatives from the Tourists' Association asked for a donation of $1200 as San Mateo county's portion of a proposed fund of $50,000, to induce tourists to visit this section of California. By motion it was decided to take up the matter at the meeting December 15.

Postmistress Miss Annie G. Smith

The postoffice department has appointed Annie G. Smith postmaster of Moss Beach. The new official is the wife of C. B. Smith, the well-known real estate operator.—Times-Gazette.

Miss Annie G. Smith will no doubt be pleased with the apparent good will expressed by the Times-Gazette, but will most likely desire a correction made as to herrrr relationship with her brother, C. B. Smith, and so also would that excellent lady, the real Mrs. C.B. Smith.

The wise man follows the lines of least resistance by telling all women how well they look and all mothers that their babies are beautiful.

SEEKS LOWER RAILROAD FARES FOR PENINSULA

Development Association Busy With Railroad Affairs

The forces and resources of the San Mateo County Development Association are now being centered on the coming legal battle for lower inter-station and single fare rates on the Peninsula.

Aside from the problem of lower transportation rates the Association is interesting itself in other phases of railroading. There is the construction of the new depot by the Southern Pacific at Third and Townsend streets, which is of vital importance to the residents of San Mateo county. As there exists a hitch between the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco and the railroad officials, work on the new depot is being delayed. Then again there is the matter of wretched street car service to and from the depot in San Francisco which is receiving the attention of the railroads and transportation committee of the Development Association.

These railroad affairs require constant hammering for results. For instance, new difficulties of minor importance are constantly cropping up which need i mmediate adjustment. Recently it was reported to the Association that a gateman at the San Francisco depot refused to accept one family ticket for two half-fare children, claiming that the company's rule required a separate half-fare ticket for each child. Through the efforts of the Association this matter has been corrected to the satisfaction of users of family tickets.

To win this contention several trips were made and conferences held by membefs of the board of governors of the Association with the officials of the Southern Pacific.

PROBATE MATTERS

Estate of Regina Rohngvist, deceased—Sale of real estate confirmed.

Estate of Josephine H. Wilson, deceased—Order made giving a family allowance of $35 a month.

Estate of Otto Anderson, dceeased—First and final account allowed and settled.

Estate of Mary Callan, deceased—Petition to set aside homestead continued to December 27.

Estate of W. B. Kreger, deceased—Will admitted to probate and W. B. Smith appointed administrator with bond fixed at $10,000.

Estate of Agnes Howard Hayne, deceased—First and final account of special administrator allowed and settled and special administrator discharged. First and final account of executor allowed and settled and petition for distribution granted.

Lydia M. Brown, guardian of the person and estate of Frances Easton McClees, an incompetent person, has filed her first and final account. The statement shows that the sum of $2323.37 has been received by the guardian and that the sum of $1055.21 has been disbursed, leaving a balance of $818.16 an the hands of the guardian.

E. E. Holbrook, appraiser of the estate of Maria A. Castro, deceased, has appraised the property of the estate in San Benito county, consisting of a lot in the Jose Castro subdivision, at $200. The inventory and appraisement wer filed in the County Clerk's office.

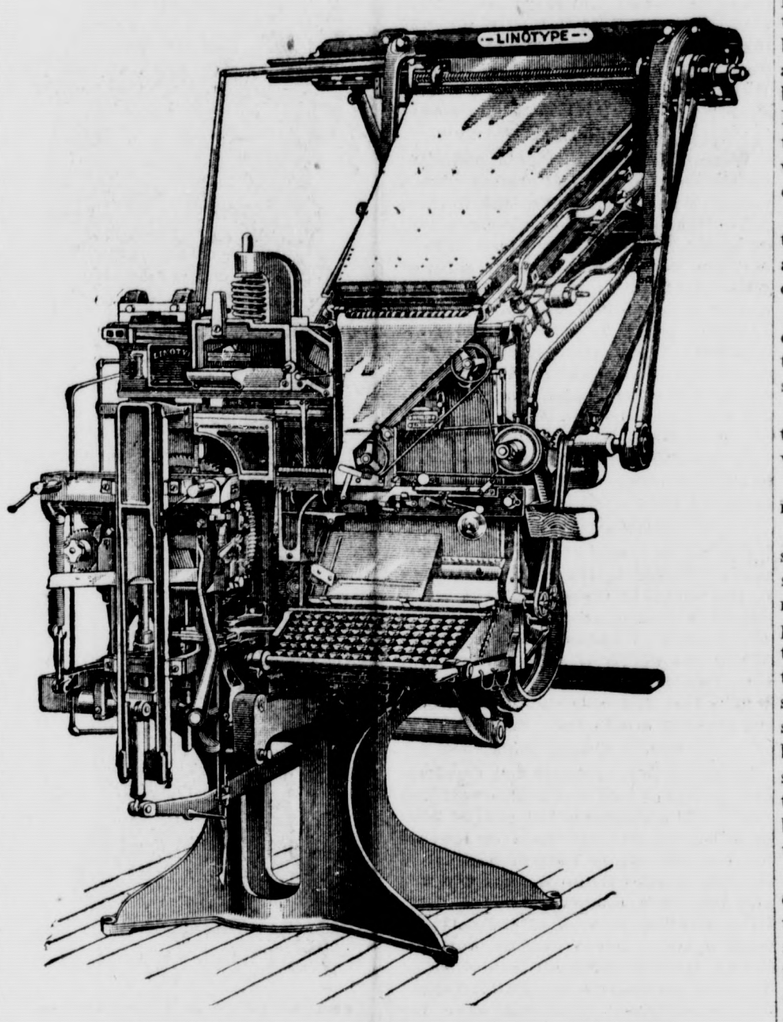
H. W. Schaberg, inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of Agnes Betzold deceased, has filed his inventory and appraisement. The total value of the estate is placed at $1710.71. It consists of lot 11, block 61, Eastern Addition to the Town of Redwood City, appraised at $1000, and money in the hands of the administrator, $710.71.

H. J. Dougherty has applied for letters of administration, with the will annexed, upon the estate of Joseph Cosgrove, who died in San Mateo county June 11, 1906. The estate consists of a lot in the Schiele subdivision, Santa Clara county, valued at $300. A. F. Cosgrove, sole heir and son of the deceased, has consented in writing to have the estate administered by the petitioner, who is also attorney for the estate.

There are still a few idlers about town who should be at work. At this busy season no well man should be idle. Lost wealth may be replaced by industry; lost knowledge by study; lost health by medicine, but lost time is gone forever.

Fussing with a neighbor will not right your wrongs.

THE CAUSE



AND EFFECT

The apparent CONSPIRACY of the San Mateo Leader (Printed in Palo Alto), San Mateo Times and Burlingame Advance to ruin the San Mateo Index---the Livewire Newspaper that has caused such a rattling of dry bones in these twin cities, bids fair to have a most salutary effect, judging by the many expressions of confidence received during the past week, together with a decided increase of substantial business.

Fairness is the natural characteristic that predominates in the minds of good citizens and true, so that the infamous tactics employed to withdraw the Union Label upon the most trivial pretense and then the more infamous treachery that tricked its surrender pending an appeal, is generally condemned by every fairminded person who is familiar with the facts.

Last week in self preservation the Index was compelled to give the entire facts, and it is with much pride that our truthful presentation of the case was sufficiently clear to produce the desired effect.

The appeal to the Executive Council of the International Typographical Union is being carefully prepared and will no doubt sustain the editor of the Index. Meanwhile it may be noted that the indorsement of the Building Trades Council has not been withdrawn.

Recall Talk Against Casey

Rumor has it that a few disgruntled individuals of San Bruno are moving to recall Supervisor Casey, alleging his unfriendliness to the San Bruno incorporation petition which was recently rejected because of its inaccuracy or lack of proper description of lines as required by law, so that the Supervisors were compelled to reject the prayer.

It is said that J. C. McGovern of South San Francisco has consented to become a candidate against Casey. McGovern is a brother of "Red" McGovern, the deputy of County Recorder Heiner, who took such an active part in trying to defeat Casey at his last election, so there is no new blood as yet instilled into the fight against the faithful servant of the people and unexcelled Supervisor of the First District, and it is doubtful if enough people will be willing to sign a petition to recall so efficient an officer.

Burns Detective Goes to Jail

R. B. Cradlebaugh, alias R. B. Henry, Burns detective and sometime deputy sheriff of Yuba county, was convicted in Martinez Monday of assault under the color of authority upon the person of Alfred Nelson, a member of the I. W. W., following the alleged riots in the Wheatland hop field last fall. The jury broubht in the verdict after a ten-minute deliberation. Superior Judge Latimer sentenced him to one year in the county jail and to pay a fine of $1000. Motion for a new trial was denied.

It would seem from the foregoing that detectives are not so far above the law as they have been trying to make us believe.

A chain is no longer than its weakest link, nor can a city be really beautiful unless the people individually and collectively all together decide to make it so.

PRESIDENT WILSON SCORES HUERTA IN HIS MESSAGE

Declares Policy of United States in Present Mexican Situation

In a message of only 3000 words, perhaps the shortest regular message to Congress on record, which he read before a joint session of the House and Senate Tuesday, President Wilson bitterly assailed Provisional President Huerta of Mexico, but declared that the policy of the United States toward the southern republic should continue to be a waiting one.

The chief executive declared that the elimination of Huerta from the affairs of Mexico is the only means of effecting permanent peace.

Especially urgent was the President's recommendation that the bill to reform the banking and currency system be passed as soon as possible.

The urgent necessity for facilitating the credits needed by farmers was also emphasized.

On the question of trusts and monopolies, the president said:

"I think that all thoughtful observers agree that the immediate service we owe the business communities of the country is to prevent private monopoly more effectually than it has yet been prevented. I think it will be easily agreed that we should let the Sherman anti-trust law stand, unaltered, as it is, with its debatable ground about it, but that we should as much as possible reduce the area of that debatable ground by futher and more explicit legislation."

Direct choice by the people of the entire country of their nominees for the presidency was also advocated. He suggested that party conventions be retained, but only for the purpose of declaring and accepting the verdict of the primaries and formulating the platforms of the parties. As delegates to these conventions the President would have nominees for Congress, nominees for vacant seats in the Senate, Senators whose terms have not expired, the national committees and candidates for the presidency themselves.

Of Philippine independence, the President said: "We must hold steadily in view their ultimate independence, and we must move toward the time of that independence as steadily as the way can be cleared."

Territorial government for Alaska and the unlocking of that country's vast resources he also advocated. "Alaska as a storehouse, should be unlocked. One key is a system of railways. These the Government should itself build and administer."

An effective employers' liability act for the railway employes of the country; improvement of conditions for mine workers, and prompt alleviation of the "very unsafe, unjust and burdensome" conditions of the sailors are aalso advocated.

DON'T SIGN PETITION TO DISFRANCHISE YOURSELF

San Francisco Labor Council Adopts Resolutions of Warning

The following resolutions were adopted by the San Francisco Labor Council at its meeting last Friday evening, November 28:

Whereas, There is being circulated for signing by qualified electors an initiative petition having for its object to amend the State Constitution to prevent all electors from voting on any guestion of incurring indebtedness for State, county or municipal purposes, except such electors be owners of property liable to be taxed for the payment of such indebtedness and assessed to them on the last assessment roll; and

Whereas, Such a proposition is directly opposed to democratic and American principles of government, and is based upon false ideas as to meaning and effect of taxation of propert, too self-evident to require extended arguments, except merely to point out the fact that consumers and producerrs generally indirectly pay all taxes, and therefore are justly entitled to have a voice in matters of public finance as well as mere holders of title of real and personal property; therefore be it

Resolved, That this Council hereby warns all its affiliated members and electors from signing the aforesaid initiative measure; and further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to each labor paper in this State with request to publish same.

A human crank seldom starts anything.

SUPERIOR COURT

Cases Pending, in Progress, Settled, With Interesting Details to San Mateo County Folks

E. J. Chrisman vs. L. C. Lacy et al—Judgement ordered for plaintiff.

Walter D. Morgan vs. Emma Morgan—Partial hearing had and return on citation continued to December 27.

Schwerin Realty Co. vs. Joseph Slye et al—Notice of motion for judgment denied.

City and Suburban Co. vs. City of Daly City—Order to show cause continued to December 27.

Nellie Tucker vs. Albert Tucker—Petition for writ of execution granted.

Walter Sealy vs. Samuel Knight—Trial continued to December 29.

G. Barbieri vs. A. Schenoni—Trial continued to December 10.

The papers in the divorce suit of Paul Walpole against his wife, Annie Walpole, have been transferred from the Superior court of Sonoma county to the Superior Court of this county. The case was begun at Santa Rosa, but the defendant, who is a resident of Daly City, asked for a change of venue and rher petition was granted. According to the complaint the couple was married at Oakland in May, 1900. There are no children as a result of the marriage. The husband charges his wife with desertion, alleging that she left him in 1907.

The East San Mateo Land Co., plaintiff in the case of the East San Mateo Land Co. vs. the Southern Pacific Co., has filed a notice that it will appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision rendered by Judge George H. Buck on October 30, 1913, in favor of the defendant.

Jubge Buck has appointed H. W. Schaberg inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of James Crowe, deceased.

Mary Betts West has brought suit against Juanita Betts to have the marriage of her son, Walter E. Betts, and defendant annulled. The plaintiff alleges that her son and Juanita Betts were united in marriage at Hollister on January 13, 1912, that young Betts was only 17 years old at the time of the marriage and that she did not give her consent in writing or verbally to the marriage, and therefore asks that said contract be annulled. There are no children as a result of the marriage, neither is there any community property.

Edward Knight has brought foreclosure proceedings against the Hensley-Smith Co. and others to recover the sum of $22,062.50. The property on which the mortgage is to be foreclosed consists of 204 acres of land in the San Pedro valley near the Pacific Ocean. It was bought by the company and subdivided. Plaintiff also asks for attorney fees in the sum of $2206.50 and costs of suit.

J. W. Leavitt & Co. has filed a complaint in replevin against J. D. Sweeney to recover possession of a 30-horsepower, four-cylinder Overland touring car of the 1914 model. The complaint alleges that the machine was wrongfully taken from the plaintiff, who asks the return of the auto or the equivalent—the sum of $1000. Plaintiff also asks for damages for unlawful detention in the sum of $150.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Frank Crossett, age 26, Los Gatos, and Angela Gainer, age 22, San Mateo.

Patrick H. Cogley, age 27, and Merice Louise Rico, age 18, both of San Francisco.

Frank J. Nash, age 32, San Mateo, and Ella Hazel Martens, age 20, Redwood City.

George L. Bernhardt, age 23, and Grace E. Clayton, age 22, both of San Jose.

Harry Hall Getchell, age 21, and Eva May Maginison, age 21, both of San Francisco.

William J. Moran age 21, Tonopah, and Anna M. Field, age 18, Oakland.

George M. Sporer, age 38, and Annie Olive Larsan, age 29, both of San Francisco.

Robert M. Crow, age 50, and Blanche A. Perkins, age 47, both of Hickman, Stanislaus county.

Charles E. Orr, age 31, and Amelia Rommell, age 25, both of San Francisco.

All things are to be sneezed at when one is taking a cold.

NOVELTY IN BELTS.

A Military Suggestion Has This Nifty Frock.

BECOMING MODEL FOR GIRLISH FIGURE.

Decidedly new is this belt arrangement, which should be particularly becoming to a slender, girlish figure. Alternate straps on skirt and bodice button upward and downward over a sash of bright colored futurist silk, the gown being of neutral colored material.

A Clover Party.

The hostess who has a clover dotted lawn should not let the opportunity slip by to entertain with a "clover party." The invitation should be done in water color, or real pressed leaves may be pasted on. The hostess may receive her guests on the veranda, which has been prettily decorated with large wicker jardinieres filled with quantities of the long stemmed clover blossoms. Over the main porch entrance suspend a large horseshoe made of the pink and white clovers.

Partners for the clover hunt may be found by matching numbers on little brown twig baskets. On the lawn or in the adjoining orchard, wherever the clover patch happens to be, swing seats and cushions should be in evidence. At a given signal from an old time dinner horn the hunt for four leaf clovers should start. Naturally the little baskets are for holding the finds.

During the counting of the good luck emblems lemonade may be served. At 6 o'clock a supper served at small tables on the veranda or under the trees could carry out the clover idea. On each table have quaintly shaped white wicker or pink baskets filled with the long stemmed clovers and plenty of the foliage around them. The supper might consist of cold meats prettily garnished with the clovers, and the salad could be molded to represent a large four leaf clover. The sandwiches could be cut clover shape, and also the little cakes, while the ice cream might be the individual pink blossoms or the green leaves. The prizes given for the lucky clover hunter might be a silver picture frame, with the clover design engraving. The couples with the empty baskets might be rewarded with a corsage bouquet and boutonniere of clovers.

Activities of Women.

New York now has a women's walking club.

France has over 4,150,000 women workers.

Baltimore is the latest city to provide for women police.

New York actresses are going to have a club with a billiard room and a bar.

Despite the vote of the women, Phoenix, Ariz., will continue to be "wet."

Schoolteachers in Cincinnati will soon receive an increase of 10 per cent in their salaries.

Miss Hazel Schmoll has been appointed assistant instructor of biology at Vassar college.

It is estimated that over 200,000 women voted at the recent election for mayor in Los Angeles.

A $100,000 contract has been let for the first buildings of the new Allentown (Pa.) College For Women.

Woman Champions Man.

Miss Beulah Kennard, a member of the board of education of Pittsburgh, proved that women will not always vote for one another when suffrage is granted them by her speech for the superintendent of schools. Women teachers had borne testimony before the board against the superintendent, implying that he had flirted with them. Miss Kennard bravely faced the accusers and declared the whole thing a political plot.

Good Form

Good Manners at Telephone.

Among both women and men telephone manners are bad. We make little effort, in fact, to be courteous over the telephone.

"Hello—who is this?" is the insistent call that comes over our wire day after day. The courteous thing to say, of course, is this: "Hello—is this 711 Main?" and if an affirmative answer is given: "This is Mrs. Blank. Is Mrs. Brown at home?"

The method of most women—of calling the number they want on the telephone and then rudely demanding the name of the owner of the voice that answers them—is reminiscent of an experience business men sometimes have. One busy man was consulting with a very important business associate. He gave word to the office boy that he on no account could be disturbed. A man called to see him and heard the office boy's statement that Mr. X. was engaged. The caller waited five minutes and then, seeing no chance of gaining an interview in the near future, went to the switchboard, connected himself with the office of the man he wanted to see and had his conversation over the telephone.

The office boy, overcome with unaccustomed timidity at the visitor's "nerve," sat quietly by and thought of the scolding he would receive presently from his employer. He was not disappointed. The employer, righteously angry at the boy for connecting him with any telephone call, would listen to no explanations, and the boy had to suffer for the man's rudeness.

A good way to greet the insistent demand on the other end of the wire as to who you are is to say, "This is No. 711," or whatever your number may be. Maids should be taught to answer the telephone in this same way.

Or they may say, "This is Mrs. Brown's residence." But it is better not to give your name over the phone until you know who has called you up. The person who has called you has taken upon herself the responsibility of giving her name first.

The telephone invitation is so usual today that there is no use preaching against it. And indeed it is in no way harmful. It saves time, trouble and worry, and when it is given carefully and as carefully answered it is in every way good.

But somehow we do not regard telephoned invitations with the same reverence we bestow on other invitations. Few of us would fail to keep an engagement which had been suggested to us by means of an engraved invitation. Few of us would neglect a written invitation.

But many of us will say at the last minute, if we are too tired to feel enthusiastic about some social gathering to which we have been bidden by telephone, "Well, she got me on the phone; I'll just telephone her and tell her I cannot come and she can get some one else on the phone."

Of course a telephoned invitation deserves just as much consideration as one engraved on gold or a formal summons from a king.

Letter writing—love letter writing—has degenerated into a despised necessity to be made use of when one is without the zone, either geographical or financial, of the telephone, local or long distance. A fluttering "Hello!" traveling over hundreds of miles of wire now produces more ecstasy in the manly breast than did the old fashioned scented note written on pink paper and filled with pressed forgetmenots and heartsease.

And the maidenly heart, too, is stirred more quickly by the thought that somebody cared enough about her to spend $5 on a telephone call from the ends of the world than it is by the sight of a pile of letters.

There is no use bewailing this sad state of affairs. Doubtless Cupid can balance on a wire as well as he can hide in a scented envelope.

Luncheon Etiquette.

It is correct when serving a luncheon to use either a tablecloth or to serve the meal on a polished table embellished with lace or embroidered centerpiece and doilies.

At a luncheon given exclusively to ladies the hostess leads the way to the dining room, while at a mixed luncheon—that is, a luncheon composed of an equal number of gentlemen and ladies—the host leads the way to the dining room with the most distinguished lady guest or lady for whom the luncheon is given on his arm, and is followed by the guests in couples and, last of all, the hostess with the gentleman who is to sit on her right. The lady on the hostess' right should be served first and then the guests as they sit, first a lady and then a gentleman.

The servant at the door indicates the dressing rooms for both ladies and gentlemen. The ladies lay aside their wraps, but keep on their hats. The hostess awaits her guests in the drawing room, greets them cordially and introduces one to another, if this is necessary. As soon as all have arrived the waitress or butler steps to the drawing room door and announces that luncheon is served.

It is unnecessary to wait more than fifteen minutes for a guest who is ill bred or unfortunate enough to be late, for it is not fair either to the hostess or the other guests to let the meal spoil for the sake of one thoughtless individual.

Cookery Points

Poems in Pastry.

These recipes are from the notebook of a famous chef:

Wafer Gingerbread.

Pour seven fluid ounces of honey into a basin and mix in two ounces each of warm butter and moist sugar, half that quantity of ground sugar and lastly eight ounces of sifted flour. Then stir well until smooth. Turn out on to a greased baking sheet, rolling out very thin, and bake in a slow oven. Take out and cut into squares while still hot, roll the squares into shapes and slowly allow to get cold.

Summer Cookies.

Warm three-quarters of a pound of butter and beat it until creamy with a pound of powdered sugar. Mix in three beaten eggs and stir in slowly a pint of sifted flour and a tablespoonful of caraway seeds. Stir a teaspoonful of soda with a teacupful of milk, strain it, mix it with a half teacupful of cider and mix gradually with the other ingredients. Work the mixture well, adding more flour if required to bring it to the desired stiffness. Sprinkle flour on the bread board, place the paste on it, roll out and cut into rounds. Lay on a buttered baking sheet and bake in a quick oven. When a trifle browned they are done.

Bertha's Biscuits.

Put half a pound of flour in a basin, make a hollow in the center and work in the whites of three eggs, half a teacupful of cream, an ounce of sugar, a wineglassful of brandy and a little salt. When the dough is quite smooth cut into two inch rounds, prick all over with a fork and bake on a floured baking sheet in a hot oven. Serve cold.

Boston Cream Puffs.

To half a pint of water add a quarter of a pound of lard and a little salt and boil. Add a quarter of a pound of flour or a little more and stir over the fire for five minutes or until it becomes a smooth paste. Remove from the fire and mix in five eggs, one at a time. Drop small quantities of the mixture with a spoon on to slightly buttered baking tins, allowing an inch or so of distance between them. Put the sheet into a moderate oven and bake for twenty minutes. Open the puffs by making an incision in the side and fill with cream.

Corn Custard.

Have ready half a dozen ears of corn as young and milky as possible, two whole eggs and the yolk of another, a scant half teaspoonful of salt, one and a quarter cupfuls of milk and one and a half tablespoonfuls of sugar. After mixing thoroughly stir in the milk and bake the custard in cups or in a big earthen pudding dish, as preferred.

Hasty Bread.

Half a dozen delicious little loaves of bread may be made in a few minutes by any one who has half a pound of flour, a cupful of milk, a pinch of salt, a saucepan, a fork and a very hot oven. Place the flour and salt in the saucepan, take the fork in the right hand, and with the left pour in the milk gradually, stirring all the time, until you have a nice light, dry lump of dough. Knead gently with the hands and divide into six pieces, which may be shaped according to fancy, but much handling is not advisable. Dredge a shelf in the oven with flour, place the loaves on it and bake from twelve to fifteen minutes. If the flour is not self raising a good half teaspoonful of baking powder must invariably be used.

Savory Fish Salad.

The hearts of white lettuce, slices of marinated cucumber, endive, blanched and curled anchovies, stoned olives and pickled beetroot. Make a square block of the hearts of the lettuce and endive, arrange slices of marinated cucumber around the lettuce. Upon these place blanched, boned and curled anchovies. Into each anchovy lay a stoned olive. Screen the whole with square shaped pieces of beetroot and season with sugar, salt and a dash of pepper. This is better eaten with oil and vinegar than with mayonnaise sauce. Half lemons may be served with the salad.

Lobster and Shrimp Salad.

Arrange in a salad bowl the white leaves of the hearts of cabbage lettuce or cos lettuce, if small and young. Remove the meat from a freshly boiled lobster and divide into small pieces with two forks and place in little heaps upon the lettuce leaves. Between each heap lay slices of tomato and slices of beet root alternately, and upon these slices of hard boiled eggs. Make a mound in the center with a pint of freshly picked shrimps. Crown these with small green tufts of watercress. Send to table with small glass cups of mayonnaise.

When Potatoes Scorch.

If the water boils off potatoes and they become scorched, quickly set the agate or tin kettle in which they are cooked into another kettle of cold water. The potatoes will loosen from the bottom of the kettle and will not taste scorched.

Baked Cauliflower.

Mix cold cauliflower with rich cream or rather a thick white sauce, if you can't spare the cream; add salt and pepper to taste, pack into a dish, cover thickly with grated cheese and bake.

STUDY IN BROWNS.

A Color Scheme to Be Popular This Fall.

PICTURE FROCK IN BROWN SHADES.

In the fall a brown costume always seems to tone with nature's coloring, the falling leaves and the general prevalence of reds and greens in the foliage.

This gown is what one might call a study in autumn tints. The skirt is of brown chiffon cloth and hangs in straight folds to the feet, where it is more voluminous than the jupes we have been wearing.

The kimono bodice is of a thin silk, with a leaf design carried out in the autumn tints of green, dull brown and reds.

Bleaching Lingerie Waists.

When perspiration has left a yellow mark cover the blemish with peroxide of hydrogen and leave until dry; then cover with ammonia and wash. Ammonia water may be used to wash woolen waists on parts where perspiration has left marks. The ammonia will clean the material without injury to the fabric and also destroy all odor. Often a mark in fine material may be removed in the following manner: In a saucer or pan place a lighted match and cover with sulphur. When it begins to burn, cover with a funnel to hold in the fumes. Hold the dampened material over the end of the funnel, and in most cases it will bleach the spot. Work by an open window where there is a strong draft in order to avoid inhaling any of the fumes.

Crinolines to Come.

Before the very tight skirt came in we should have hailed with something approaching dismay the news from Paris that the fashions of 1830 are expected to supersede those of the present year. But as a relief from tightly dragged skirts, no petticoats and copious visions of hosiery the gowns of 1830 would be a welcome change.

It is the fashion now to deride everything Victorian, but perhaps leniency will be extended to the year 1830, which was not Victorian. There is even a rumor that crinolines will follow upon this revolution in dress. That would be bad indeed, but scarcely worse than the plague of ugly and indecorous dresses from which we are now suffering.

Entertain Your Club Outdoors.

Have the refreshments put up in boxes, as for a picnic lunch. Arrange them in three courses—sandwiches with salted peanuts, cake and fruit. Have the boxes numbered, two to each number, and number each course. Give one number to a man, another to a woman, and let them hunt partners by matching numbers and eat the first course together. When they get to the cake another number is found, and they hunt the number to match. Still another number comes with the fruit, and this necessitates another change. Ice cream and coffee may be served from a table.

Trunk Straps.

Baggagemen sometimes take a strap from a good trunk to put on one that has broken open. Rivet or screw your strap on to your trunk if you wish to be sure of it when you return from your trip.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDY ON

THE FALL OF JERICHO.

Joshua 6:8-11, 14-20—Dec. 7.

"All things are possible to him that believeth."—Mark 9:23.

JERICHO was a walled city about five miles from the Jordan. Although the city was small, its wall was a necessity, owing to frequent incursions from Syria and Egypt; for it was on one of the main lines of travel.

The Lord's decree respecting all the cities of Canaan was that they were devoted—*cherem*. The Israelites were not led into Canaan to pillage. They were to be executioners of the Divine decree against the peoples of Canaan, each city of which was the center of a little principality. According to history, they were continually at war with each other, and atrociously corrupt, after the manner of the Sodomites. They were to be destroyed as no longer advantageous to themselves or others.

Captain of the Lord's Host.

In the great prison-house of Sheol, the tomb, the sleeping wait for the more favorable time of Messiah's Kingdom, and the release from sin and degradation promised to all mankind through Abraham's Seed: "In thy Seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed."

Captain of the Lord's Host.

After crossing Jordan, the Israelites encamped midway between the river and Jericho, that city having shut its gates, expecting a long siege. Joshua was aware that the first place of attack would be Jericho, but evidently not aware of the character of the battle. Reconnoitering near Jericho, he met an armed soldier, and at once inquired whether he was friend or foe. The answer was that he was Captain of the Lord's host.

An angel had been commissioned to materialize as a human and to communicate to Joshua the Divine plan for the capture of Jericho. Joshua immediately put it into execution.

Every day there was a solemn procession around the doomed city. First went a military escort from the various tribes. Next followed a company of priests blowing rams' horns. Then came a rear guard—presumably warriors. In harmony with the explicit directions not a voice was heard, not a shout. Everything was most funereal, except the blowing of the rams' horns.

These solemn processions encompassed Jericho once each day for six days. Then on the seventh day they went about the city seven times, the last time vociferously shouting—the seven priests constantly blowing the rams' horns. When they had made the seventh circuit, they stopped in front of the city, still blowing. Forthwith the wall crumbled and fell.

The translation of our Common Version, "down flat," seems too strong properly to represent the original. The wall fell immediately in front of the Ark of the Covenant. But the account tells that the portion of the wall where Rahab's house was built did not fall. The wall fell to such an extent that Israel's soldiers could easily accomplish the work of destruction.

Quite probably an earthquake tremor, under Divine supervision, caused the fall of the wall in front of the Israelites. It does not seem impossible that God thus intervened to carry out His own purposes.

Professor Wright declares, "The 'mediate' cause of the fall of the wall was some subterranean earthquake, which shook down the walls of the part of the city where the men were standing, or undermined them so that they sank. This is easily possible in that region of earthquakes.

"The record is that at the appointed time the walls fell; and we are free to believe that the catastrophe was connected with an earthquake, which was made to synchronize with the final blasts of the rams' horns. In the light of history and geological conditions of this region, the story bears every mark of being a genuine and authentic account of an event so remarkable that it could not have been modified by tradition without rendering it fantastic and incredible."

Typical Significance of the Event.

The six days of quiet marching around Jericho with nothing accomplished except the witnessing, represent the six great Days of the larger Week — each a thousand years long. During the world's history, Sin has been entrenched and impregnable. The Lord's people have merely witnessed against it—blowing the trumpets—giving forth the Message that ultimately Sin shall be destroyed.

The Wall Crumbled and Fell.

But little has come of the witnessing. We are waiting for the great Seventh Day—the thousand years of Messiah's Reign. In it the citadel of evil will be surrounded seven times, or completely. The shout of victory will go up; and the strong walls of sin and error, of Satan's falsehood, of human deception, will fall. Satan shall be bound for a thousand years. Ultimately every evil thing and all who love sin will be forever destroyed in the Second Death.

LAMP SHADE EFFECT.

The Salient Costume Point Is the Flare.

SUIT OF BLUE CLOTH AND SATIN.

Costume, suit and wrap fashions for the fall season are characterized not so much by novelty of form as by novelty and beauty of materials and colorings. The oriental form is still maintained, but the eastern influence is lessening considerably and is already on the decline from a novelty standpoint. Women of good taste are demanding liberation from too uniform a dress, and there will be more individuality than heretofore from the Paris dressmakers. Each big maker will stand for what is his conception of the proper dress for the fashionable woman of 1913-14. Despite this variety, however, there is an accordance. Thus, while some makers show long coats and others short jackets, the two seemingly opposed forms are brought into harmony through the fact that in the long coats there is nearly always a break at the waist line, brought about by a girdle, the cut of the vest, etc. One of the new ideas is the hip flare or lamp shade effect. The charm of this costume is the lamp shade effect in the coat and on the skirt. The model is developed in blue cloth and satin, and the collar and cuffs are of sealskin.

The Accommodating Salt.

There isn't a better friend in the household than common salt, and one can't begin to remember the half of the things it will gladly do for us if but given the opportunity.

Salt sprinkled over a carpet after it is swept will brighten the colors and kill germs.

A pinch of salt in the water will help to keep cut flowers fresh.

To clean a white knit sweater or shawl put it into a flour bag containing equal parts of flour and salt and shake well. No washing will be required after this process.

For cleaning enamel bathtubs, etc., rub with a cloth saturated with kerosene, upon which has been spread a layer of salt. Afterward rinse tub down with warm, soapy water.

Before washing soiled handkerchiefs allow them to soak in cold water into which has been put a handful or so of salt. This makes them much easier to wash.

Before washing new goods let stand in salt and water to set the color.

For killing plantain leaves or weeds keep wetting with a strong solution of salt and water. Rock salt or table salt may be used. If preferred, the salt may be sprinkled on the weeds and then wet with a hose. Rock salt is the better of the two for the latter method.

Salt in the bottom of the shoes in winter will help the circulation and prevent the feet from getting cold. This precaution is quite common and effective among Maine woodsmen.

A quarter of a teaspoonful in a quarter of a glass of water taken a half hour before breakfast is a good laxative and generally beneficial.

The hands of fainting persons are often rubbed with salt to help the circulation.

But of the uses of salt there seems no end.

Lace Underskirts.

There are ever so many dresses for young girls with straight or slightly draped tunics opening over underskirts composed of three or four ruffles of soft lace. These ruffles are sometimes made of fine net edged with a thread in some bright color which is repeated in the sash, or used as a narrow velvet piping for the neck and sleeves. This edging of a couple of strands of colored silk or thread forms a very pretty finish for net ruffling.

Sundays only

8:10
8:25
8:33
8:37
8:39
8:46
8:52
8:55
8:59
9:00
9:03
9:05
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9:37
9:38
9:40
9:42
9:43
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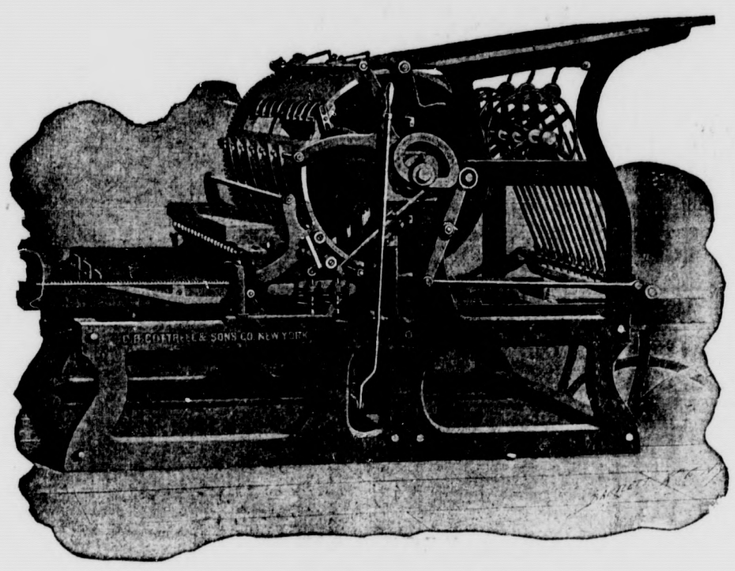
10:23
10:30

BOOST!

THE

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION
SAN FRANCISCO
1915
CALIFORNIA



San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

Goes Directly Into the Hands of Those Whom You Wish Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices **Good Workmanship**

OCEAN SHORE RAILROAD

Sundays only	Daily	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Distance from S. F.	TIME TABLE No. 26 November 2, 1913 STATIONS	Daily except Sunday	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Sunday only	Sunday only
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:15	4:00	4:45	8:25
8:33	5:59	10:23	8:40	5.4	Onondago	7:07	2:02	3:50	4:36	8:17
8:37	6:	10:27	8:46	7.1	Palmetto	7:03	1:55	3:46	4:32	8:13
8:39	6:05	10:29	8:50	7.6	DALY CITY	7:01	1:52	3:44	4:30	8:11
8:46	6:12	10:35	9:00	9.9	Thornton	6:54	1:42	3:38	4:24	8:04
8:52	6:19	10:41	9:06	11.9	Mussel Rock	6:46	1:34	3:30	4:16	7:56
8:55	6:22	10:44	9:10	13.1	Edgemar	6:42	1:29	3:26	4:12	7:52
8:59	6:26	10:48	9:16	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:24	3:23	4:09	7:49
9:00	6:28	10:49	9:19	14.8	Brighton	6:35	1:18	3:19	4:05	7:45
9:03	6:31	10:53	9:23	16.0	Vallemar	6:32	1:13	3:15	4:01	7:42
9:05	6:33	10:55	9:45	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:10	3:14	4:00	7:41
9:11	6:39	11:01	10:04	18:1	TOBIN	6:26	12:53	3:09	3:55	7:36
9:14	6:42	11:04	10:07	18.9	Ransome	6:23	12:46	3:05	3:51	7:33
9:22	6:50	11:12	10:15	21.1	Green Canon	6:15	12:38	2:57	3:42	7:25
9:26	6:54	11:16	10:30	22.8	Montara	6:10	12:32	2:51	3:34	7:20
9:28	6:56	11:18	10:33	23.0	FARALLONE	6:09	12:30	2:50	3:32	7:19
9:32	6:59	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:06	12:23	2:47	3:27	7:16
9:33	7:00	11:24	10:39	24.4	Marine	6:05	12:19	2:45	3:25	7:15
9:37	7:04	11:28	10:43	26.0	Princeton	6:01	12:16	2:41	3:21	7:11
9:38	7:05	11:30	10:44	26.5	North Granada	5:59	12:15	2:39	3:20	7:09
9:40	7:06	11:31	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:58	12:13	2:38	3:19	7:08
9:42	7:08	11:32	10:54	27.6	SO. GRANADA	5:57	12:12	2:37	3:17	7:07
9:43	7:09	11:34	10:57	28.1	Miramar	5:56	12:09	2:35	3:15	7:05
9:50	7:15	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:50	12:01	2:30	3:10	7:00
10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:47	11:55	2:25	3:05	6:55
10:10	7:30	11:59	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	11:21	2:26	3:00	.....
10:15	7:33	12:05	.....	34.8	Purissima	.....	11:15	2:15	2:55	.....
10:17	7:34	12:07	.....	35.8	Sealro	.....	11:12	2:09	2:54	.....
10:23	7:38	12:13	....	36.7	Lobitos	.....	11:07	2:06	2:50	.....
10:30	7:43	12:20	....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:43	.....

THE BENEFITS OF LETTER WRITING

It Is One of the Best Means of Self-Education

Few things are better calculated to carry out the work of self-education than letter writing. It is even better than conversation, for one takes more pains in writing a letter, and is more careful to as to composition than when he is talking.

Separated from friends, the letter can be made a source of pure and lasting joy. Much good can come from letter writing, providing one always has a store of good things to herald, and one should never send a letter if it could possibly be avoided that does not contain good things.

A good plan is to select a few choice correspondents, and write each a letter just so often, say once a month. This would be a letter every three days, but you say this will consume a great deal of time, and so it may seem to do at first, but the pleasure, enjoyment and profit to be derived from this custom will more than recompense for the time taken. In writing our letters, however, we should always remember to say nothing unless we have something good to say.

"You must be kind in your thought
toward all,
"Then a kindness to you will befall."

You will find joy and peace in good thoughts.

I know from experience that immense good has been and can be done from talking on paper. One should write just as he would talk. Don't hurry or worry or make a strained effort. Letter writing for whatever purpose is but talking on paper, nor is a different style required in one case from what is desirable in the other. We should learn to converse so well on all occasions that our remarks would look well on paper, and in writing we should write just as we would say the same thing in ordinary, but correct, conversation.

Letter writing should improrve conversation, and conversation should fit us for good letter writing.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW FOR NURSES IS UPHELD

Declared Constitutional by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals

The constitutionality of the nurses' eight-hour law was upheld Monday by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Judges Van Fleet, Morrow and Dooley sitting. The suit was an application for an injunction brought by the Merritt Hospital of Oakland against Labor Commissioner McLaughlin, the State Bureau of Labor Statistics and District Attorney Hynes of Alameda county to prevent the enforcement of the law. The court denied the permanent injunction asked for.

It was the contention of the hospital that the law violated the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the Uuited States, in that graduate nurses were exempt, and secondly that the law discriminated against women in that if they were not allowed to work more than eight hours, hospitals would be forced to discharge them and retain men nurses.

Judge Van Fleet held that there was no proper evidence that showed that women would be discharged and replaced by men if the hours were shorter. He also held that in exempting the graduate nurses, there was not sufficient general discrimination to cover the meaning of the Constitution.

The case decided by the court Monday settles the status of the student nurse in regard to this law, as it was looked upon as a test case to determine whether the hospitals would have to obey the law and cut down the previous long and irrregular hours of student nurses, or whether they were placed in the position that the unskilled workers of the canneries are now in.

COMMON SENSE

This world is not so much after all,
Some get up and others fall.
It's too bad that some folks are always on the trail,
When a few do fairly well, you cannot tell them from the snail.
When you see a man down, though he may be a rover,
Help him up, and, perchance he will bless the restorer.
Try to do right to all mankind;
That is religion for us all to mind.

A man's character ought to be something money can't buy,
And when the few fleeting days are ended below,
Take it back to his Maker, the Lord upon high.

San Francisco the wonder for her marvelous grit,
The world wants to know how you built up so quick;
But the conundrum is solved, as you plainly can see:
The people keep moving and work like the bee.

Some get turkey, some get chicks,
Some get nothing but the licks.
May Thanksgiving be for all,
Rich and poor, and big and small.
Man of man more friendship show,
Let kindness to the workers flow.
May greed and selfish strife depart
From all the land, from soul and heart.
—D. Guthrie, San Mateo.

AMENDMENT WOULD DISFRANCHISE VOTERS

Would Bar All Except Land Owners From Voting

The California State Realty Federation, which is costrolled by a few big land speculators,has taken the first step towards disfraschising all voters who do not own their homes. It has initiated a petition for a Constitutional amendment that will prevent those who do not own land from voting on bond issues.

If the big land speculators behind that amendment can pull the wool over the eyes of the people, and persuade them to approve the amendment, the next step will be an attempt to take the ballot away from all persons who do not own their homes.

The land specculators are largely irresponsible for the fact that home ownership is decreasing and tenanry is increasing in Amerida. That is very largely true in California, and California is now and has been for years a paradise for land spelulators. Now, after having stood in the way of those who wish to get homes, the California speculators demand that their victims be disfranchised.

The speculators behind this movement say the adoption of this disfranchising amendment means "lower taxes, increased demand for real estate, more money for investment in real estate."

Yes, "lower taxes" on the speculators, but higher taxes for renters. Yes, "increased demand for real estate" because in order to vote one must own some land, and must pay the speculator's price for the right to vote. The speculators will sell the right to vote when they sell lots or land.

Therefore, "more money for investment in real estate" because one must buy land in order to use the ballot.

The vice of land speculation has driven hundreds of thousands to the point of denying the right of private property in land. If the California speculators wish to convert more to that position, they should make a vigorous campaign for their reactionary amendment.

GOOD ROADS

Of all the problems confronting the farmers, there is none whose solution is of more practical value than is the question of good roads. The matter has been so much talked of in the newspapers, has been so discussed in legislatures and in congress that everybody is more or less familiar with it. The farmers are usually fomiliar with bad roads, especially during a winter of heavy rains. The farmerrs' relation to good roads is measured in dollars and cents.

Now, who are his best and onlf helpers in working for the betterment of the public highways? Not the mail order houses, not the big department stores of the cities, but the home merchant. It is nothing to those men in the cities that you must struggle through almost impassable roads to market your grain. The home merchant appreciates your difficulties and his hand goes down in his pocket and he cheerfuly donated to any suggested road improvement.

Often he goes out himself to inspect and improve pieces of especially bad roads. It is a fact that in many communities home merchants have gone out with autos loaded with shovels and filled up the chuck holes on the roads leading to town. Commercial clubs, made up of home merchants, hire roads dragged. More than all, the home merchant pays cheerfully his proportion of the taxes for the improvement of the roads.

It is to his interest, do you say? True, but it is more to your interest friend farmer. You cannot live on the unexchanged products of your farm. We have not gone back to the days when they ground wheat between stones, and farmers cannot dress in skins. An exchange of commodities is necesary and that exchange cannot be effesected unless the farmer can get to town. Good roads are necesary. The home merchant helps make them. Patronize him.

Buy at home.

Removal of the limit on postal savings and changes in the parcel post regulations were recommended to the Post Office Department by the National Association of Third and Fourth Class Postmasters assembled in annual convention recently in Washington, D. C. Increase in the weight limit in the parcel post from 20 pounds to 100 pounds; decrease in the pound rates, especially those for the longer distances; a simplified system of zones; reformation in the packing conditions to make the exactions very stringent, and re-establishment of insurance and C. O. D. rates to make them correspond with quantitative standards with the changes in the parcel post regulations suggested; the establishment also of a first zone of 100 miles with other zones corresponding was also urged.

MILITANT SUFFRAGETTE VS. ANTHONY COMSTOCK

Mrs. Pankhurst to Bring Suit to Allow Sale of Daughter's Book

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst will appeal to the courts of New York to prevent Anthony Comstock from interfering with the sale of the book written by her daughter, Christobel. Mrs. Pankhurst said:

"An elderly gentleman who had constituted himself the guardian of public morals in New York and thought it his duty to keep everything covered up, instead of bringing it out in the open where it could be dealt with has opposed the book. A test case will be brought in the New York courts to see whether or not Mr. Comstock can prevent the sale of the book in the great city of New York, where light and still more light is needed on the questions discussed in my daughter's book."

Prolonged cheers greeted Mrs. Pankhurst at her lecture at which she made this announcement. English militants were not an army of women looking under beds for burglars and mice, she declared.

"On the contrary," said Mrs. Pankhurst, it is the Cabinet Ministers and the police who are looking under the beds for millitants, the bugaboo of English officialdom. If Asquith sees anything in feminine attire he is terrified.

"Asquith, the protester of liberties in England, goes out to public meetings with a bodyguard of detectives and police. If he is invited to a dinner he is looking about him in fear lest some millitant spring up out of soup and ask him, 'What are you going to do about votes for women?'"

"President Wilson by admitting me into this country has accepted the fact that the millitant movement in England is a revolution, and I am glad that my detention which caused me little personal discomfort has developed that point."

Mrs. Pankhurst ended her American tour Monday night with a farewell address in Carnegie Hall, New York.

Chinese Students as Laborers

University of Washington regents were sharply criticized at the Western Immigration Conference by Chas. Perry Taylor, secretary of the Conference, for permitting faculty members to organize classes of Chinese students and bring them to this country.

"They stay in school but a short time," Taylor said, "and seize any available opportunity to disperse over the country and become competitors with American labor."

The conference adopted a resolution, the most drastic of the session, calling upon Congress to enlarge the scope of the Chinese Exclusion Act to include all Asiatics, not excepting the Japanese and Hindus. The resolution was offered by Paul Scharrenberg, secretary of the California State Federation of Labor, and was passed unanimously. Congress was also called upon to pass an act restricting immigration to those who can read and write their own language.

This measure had been vetoed by President Taft.

Advertise in the Local Paper

Of all forms of advertising there is nothing equal to an attractive display ad in the local paper to produce the desired results. Many a business man has tried every other plan of advertising only to recognize at last that a paper read by the community is the best form of telling the public what one has to offer. At one time signs, big and little, erected in almost every conceivable place, were largely used, but their principal effect was to disfigure the landscape. The ad in the local paper possesses every advantage that other forms of advertising have and many more that they cannot possibly possess. It is read not when people are whirling through space in an auto or speeding along in a railway car, but at one's leisure in one's own home. It is read by nearly everybody and its form can be as frequently changed as one may desire.

Lodi Municipal Plants Pay

The annual report of City Clerk McMahon shows that Lodi has made money on its municipal water and light plants during the 12 months ending June 30. The total net profit from the two sources amounts to more than $1000 a month.

The light and water plants are valued at $171,399.58. There are 740 consumers of water in the city, a gain of 80 during the year.

With a tax rate of $1.25 the city has a balance of $28,323.01 in the treasury at the end of the year after retiring bonds of $2,533.80.

The building permits for the year amounted to $242,145, not including the $150,000 school house located just outside of the city limits.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF POLITICS? WHY NOT?

Is Wisconsin's Latest Innovation a Dangerous One?

The State of Wisconsin has been organizing a movement which its official exponent, Edward J. Ward, styles a preparation for "public ownership of politics." In its immediate aspects it includes the free use of school houses for purposes of all-sided political discussion, as well as for the general purposes of a civic center, and a program for meetings, lectures and political study. If the plan works well this year the State will probably be induced to make an appropriation which will put paid workers in the field.

This would all seem harmless enough were it not for the ominous phrase which Mr. Ward has allowed himself to use. If the people of Wisconsin were simply to get together for social purposes, and possibly for innocent discussion of overt political issues, there would be little danger to the existing scheme of things. But public ownership of politics is something which ought to be well considered before it is attempted. It is by no means certain that politics can be operated as a public enterprise. It is at least doubtful if it can be made to pay as well as a public enterprise. If one looks over the field of successful political trusts, past and present—Tweed's, for instance—it can easily be realized that they would never have been half so successful had they been hampered by the red tape which necessarily would hamper politics under popular control.

Public ownership of politics will simply take away the incentive for individuals of great talent to exert themselves in that field, and the consequences will be that soon there will be no money in politics for anyone.—San Francisco Bulletin.

TEACHERS' PENSION LAW PROVISIONS

State Board of Education Decides Uncertain Points

The State Board of Education, sitting as a Retirement Salary Fund Board at Sacramento last week, discussed at length and decided the various uncertain points in the so-called Teachers' Pension Law. A circular covering the whole situation has been printed and is now being distributed to the teachers of the State through the county superintendents of schools. The following points in the circular are of general interest:

A teacher may receive a retirement salary of $500 per annum upon furnishing legal proof of having taught in the public schools for 30 school years and of having paid to the State $1 per month for the whole period. No year shall be counted unless it includes at least sir months' actual teaching.

A teacher who retired from the profession more than two years ago is not eligible.

Fifteen of the 3 years' teaching must be done in California.

Experience gained in Indian schools, private schools, normal schools of other states, federal schools, etc., may not be counted in the 30 years required for retirement. Only teaching done in public schools, under legal certification, or in California State normal schools, will be accepted.

Teachers under employment when the law was approved last June must file notice of intention to accept and be bound by the provisions of the law, before January 1, 1914, or be forever barred.

Teachers of the State are very generally assuming the burden of paying $1 per month to the Retirement Fund, as it is a highly advantageous form of life insurance. Copies of the circular may be had of the County Superintendent by those interested in the details.

Foes of Poverty and Ignorance

Labor unions are the foes of poverry and ignorance and never cease to struggle to promote conditions of enlightenment and comfort for the masses. Aside from their struggle to improve industrial and educational conditions and secure laws to protect life, limb and health, the labor union is a public benefactor in other ways. It advocates playgrounds, parks, recreation places, where the child, the toiler and the poor can enjoy a breathing spell away from the close, stuffy tenement, crowded street, buzz of machinery and squalid quarters. It seeks to civilize and elevate, not brutify and lower the standards of the great mass of the people.—Baltimore Labor Leader.

In the hope that 100,000 unemployed will be given work a project has been launched at Reppen on the Oder river, near Berlin, where the society for intercolonization is reclaiming waste lands by utilizing the labor of men in Berlin who are out of work.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the post office of Daly City, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

TERMS:

One Year, in advance.....$1.50
Six Months, " ..... .75
Three Months, " ..... .40

DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, DECEMBER 5, 1913

GOOD ROADS

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Buy at home.

Satisfying a Customer Carried to an Extreme

By HOLLAND.

A WOMAN who bought a dress which she found was not just what she wanted went with it to one of the biggest stores in the world and said it did not suit her. She wanted her money back, but explained that she had lost the sales slip. The sum she claimed was given to her.

Two days later she found the sales slip and discovered that she had not bought the dress at the store to which she had taken it, but had bought it at a rival establishment. She went to the store and explained.

"We knew you had not bought the dress here," explained the manager, "but you were palpably dissatisfied with it, and our aim is to satisfy all our customers. If we have impressed on your mind the fact that we are more than fair we are satisfied. We covet nothing more than such a reputation as we are sure you will give us."

Many will think that this was carrying fairness too far. Perhaps it was, but it was done by the greatest retail merchant of this age, one whose name is known wherever the English language is spoken and whose expenditures for advertising run up to a million dollars a year.

Successful advertisers know that satisfied customers are an invaluable asset. You have an advantage in dealing with the liberal advertisers.

The new Linotype machine recently installed in the San Mateo Index office at a cost of $3000—which is the only first-class machine in San Mateo county, making this the best-equipped printery in the county.

AMENDMENT WOULD DISFRANCHISE VOTERS

Would Bar All Except Land Owners From Voting

The California State Realty Federation, which is controlled by a few big land speculators, has taken the first step towards disfraschising all voters who do not own their homes. It has initiated a petition for a Constitutional amendment that will prevent those who do not own land from voting on bond issues.

If the big land speculators behind that amendment can pull the wool over the eyes of the people, and persuade them to approve the amendment, the next step will be an attempt to take the ballot away from all persons who do not own their homes.

The land speculators are largely responsible for the fact that home ownership is decreasing and tenanry is increasing in Amerida. That is very largely true in California, and California is now and has been for years a paradise for land spelulators. Now, after having stood in the way of those who wish to get homes, the California speculators demand that their victims be disfranchised.

The speculators behind this movement say the adoption of this disfranchising amendment means "lower taxes, increased demand for real estate, more money for investment in real estate."

Yes, "lower taxes" on the speculators, but higher taxes for renters. Yes, "increased demand for real estate" because in order to vote one must own some land, and must pay the speculator's price for the right to vote. The speculators will sell the right to vote when they sell lots or land.

Therefore, "more money for investment in real estate" because one must buy land in order to use the ballot.

The vice of land speculation has driven hundreds of thousands to the point of denying the right of private propeaty in land. If the California speculators wish to convert more to that position, they should make a vigorous campaign for their reactionary amendment.

Advertise in the Local Paper

Of all forms of advertising there is nothing equal to an attractive display ad in the local paper to produce the desired results. Many a business man has tried every other plan of advertising only to recognize at last that a paper read by the community is the best form of telling the public what one has to offer. At one time signs, big and little, erected in almost every conceivable place, were largely used, but their principal effect was to disfigure the landscape. The ad in the local paper possesses every advantage that other forms of advertising have and many more that they cannot possibly possess. It is read not when people are whirling through space in an auto or speeding along in a railway car, but at one's leisure in one's own home. It is read by nearly everybody and its form can be as frequently changed as one may desire.

First League Game Forfeited

Friday evening the second team of the San Mateo High School will meet the faculty team of the same institution. The high school team will not meet Mountain View High School in the first league game, as previously announced, as the latter team has forfeited. Basketball Manager Skinner is trying to arrange a game with some team from San Francisco. The team to represent San Mateo is as follows: Chalmers and Barneson, guards; Batchelder, center; Perham tnd Teall, forwards.

LIVE STOCK FOR THIS PAIR OF NEWLYWEDS

That It Pays to Advertise Is Again Undeniably Proven

An opportunity to sell black cats over three months old at 75 cents to $5 each and a chance to buy a milch cow for $25, if taken at once, drew a throng the other day from dawn to dusk to 169 East Liberty avenue, Spokane, Wash., which looked like David Harum's stable yard in the height of his "hoss-swapping" activities.

WANTED—CATS OVER 3 MONTHS old; black preferred; 75 cents to $5. Call at 169 East Liberty.

That ad in the local papers was responsible for part of the early morning crowd of kitten sellers who called on Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Gray as early as 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Gray was Miss Lulu Carr. She and Mr. Gray were married at Our Lady of Lourdes church, and the insertion of the want ad was part of a prank played on the "newlyweds" by their friends.

The cat ad had only a small part in the deeply laid plot of well-wishers, for in the same issue appeared this offer of sale:

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW, $25, if taken at once. 169 East Liberty.

A crowd of junk dealers who were requested to call at the address at 10 o'clock also caused the newly-married couple considerable amusement, incidentally to their annoyance, but they took the incidents all as a joke, as they "stood off" the various callers during the day.

Lodi Municipal Plants Pay

The annual report of City Clerk McMahon shows that Lodi has made money on its municipal water and light plants during the 12 months ending June 30. The total net profit from the two sources amounts to more than $1000 a month.

The light and water plants are valued at $171,399.58. There are 740 consumers of water in the city, a gain of 80 during the year.

With a tax rate of $1.25 the city has a balance of $28,323.01 in the treasury at the end of the year after retiring bonds of $2,533.80.

The building permits for the year amounted to $242,145, not including the $150,000 school house located just outside of the city limits.

Labor unions are the foes of poverry and ignorance and never cease to struggle to promote conditions of enlightenment and comfort for the masses. Aside from their struggle to improve industrial and educational conditions and secure laws to protect life, limb and health, the labor union is a public benefactor in other ways. It advocates playgrounds, parks, recreation places, where the child, the toiler and the poor can enjoy a breathing spell away from the close, stuffy tenement, crowded street, buzz of machinery and squalid quarters. It seeks to civilize and elevate, not brutify and lower the standards of the great mass of the people.—Baltimore Labor Leader.

A FEW KIND WORDS FOR REACTIONARIES

Defense of Things as They Are Is Dragged Out of Statistics

The average income of three fourths of the laboring people of the United States, according to some recently-published statistics, is about $480, which is much less than will suffice for the decent support of an average family.

However, there are alleviating circumstances. In the firrst place many of the wage-earners who receive this princely income have wisely refrained from marrying. In the second place a judiciously-planned system of employment in many parts of the country has made it possible for the wives and children of workers to join in adding to the family income, often bringing it to a point where the whole family can have nearly enough to eat. Child labor laws and women's eight-hour laws have interfered slightly with this arrangement, but it still prevails in Georgia and other enterprising states. It is easy to see that it brings about prosperity by increasing the number of people employed and at the same time making it possible to decrease the wage per person, and so to increase profits and stimulate the investment of capital.

So it seems that a ray of cheer may be extracted fromm facts which to most people look pretty shameful and discouraging.—Bulletin.

Trying It Again

One of the thugs imported by the Standard Oil gang having been killed while out gunning for trouble, they are going to try in Colorado just what they perpetrated in West Virginia.

They have established a military court for trial of all persons charged with offenses in connection with the strike. The national constitution, the state constitution and all rights of man that conflict with military procedure will be suspended and men will be railroaded to prison without even knowing with what they are charged, without benefit of bail, without trial of any sort save the farcical proceeding called military trial.

Later on we will spend thousands of dollars on a Congressional investigation to discover what it was all about.

Why there should ever be a repetition of the shameful violation of human rights shown in the West Virginia instance when we have an executive empowered to cut off official heads is beyond our comprehension.

The policy today seems to be to promote bloodshed in every instance of conflict between dollars and men, and we are much mistaken if this is not the result in Colorado.—San Francisco Daily News.

We can tell you why there will be "a repetition of a shameful violation of human rights," and the "executive empowered to cut off official heads" isn't so very much to blame. He does as dollars would have him do because the dollars are better organized than the men with whom they are in conflict. In other words, dollars are always class conscious.

CERTIFICATE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

County of San Mateo, } ss.
State of California, }

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we are partners transacting business in the County of San Mateo, State of California, under the firm, name and style of M. BELLI & CO.; that the names in full of all the members of such partnership, and their respective places of residence are:

Ernesta Belli, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

Evo Antraccoli, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

Urbano Granucci, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

And we further certify that there is no other partner, or partners interested in, conerned with or sharing the profits of such partnership. That our principal place of business is at Colma, in said County of San Mateo.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 17th day of October, A. D. 1913.

ERNESTA BELLI (SEAL).
EVO ANTRACCOLI (SEAL).
URBANO GRANUCCI (SEAL).

State of California, }
[redacted] } ss.
County of San Mateo. }

On this 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, before me, Henry Ward Brown, a Notary Public in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared Ernesta Belli, Evo Antraccoli, and Urbano Granucci, known to me to be the persons described in, whose names are subscribed to, and who executed the annexed and foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at my office in the County of San Mateo, State of California, the day and year in this certificate first above written.

HENRY WARD BROWN,
Notary Public in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

(SEAL)

(ENDORSED)

Filed in the office of the County Clerk of San Mateo County, Cal., October 28, 1913.

JOS. H. NASH, County Clerk.

By E. L. FALVEY, Deputy Clerk.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record Friday, October 31, 1913, and continued five (5) times.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of John I. Hogan, Deceased. No. 1690.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas J. Hogan, administrator of the estate of the said John I. Hogan, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 24th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the estate of said John I. Hogan, deceased.

Dated, October 24th, 1913.

THOMAS J. HOGAN, Administrator of the Estate of John I. Hogan, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Annie Erwin, Deceased. No. 1698.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Andrew L. Erwin, administrator of the estate of the said Annie Erwin, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or her estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 10th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Annie Erwin, deceased.

ANDREW L. ERWIN, Administrator of the Estate of Annie Erwin, deceased.

Dated, October 10th, 1913.

Henry Ward Brown, attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

Tell us that Local News or Society Item.

Patronize the

VISTA GRANDE BAKERY,

where your goods are manufactured in a place that is clean, sanitary and above ground, from the

CHOICEST OF MATERIALS

and by the best bakers.

Try my

GENUINE FRENCH BREAD

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

Good Meat

Such as Is Sold By the

Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

BEN S. GREEN

The Daly City Cafe

GEORGE PAPPAS, Prop.

Strictly First-class and Respectable

Corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive

When You Buy Paint Here

it is like buying directly from the company operating the largest paint and varnish plant in the world—the makers of the "Acme Quality" paints, enamels, stains, varnishes. You can get exactly what you want in the

ACME QUALITY

kind for touching things up, painting inside or outside, or for any other use. In buying, ask for the new authority—"The Acme Quality Painting Guide Book."

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD

2401 San Jose Ave. SAN FRANCISCO

Daly City Record

ELLIS C. JOHNSON

Justice of the Peace
Notary Public

Deeds, Contracts, etc., correctly drawn up.
Agent Ætna Fire Insurance Company
Phone Mission 6606

ity

THE BOULEVARD

Mission Road & School St.

Case Goods A Specialty

GAS KITCHEN

Daly City Record

LOCAL PAGE

State Officials

Governor—Hiram W. Johnson.
Lieutenant Governor—Albert J. Wallace.
Secretary of State—Frank C. Jordan.
State Controller—
State Treasurer—E. D. Roberts.
Attorney General—U. S. Webb.
Sureyor General—W. S. Kingsbury.
State Printer—F. W. Richardson.
Supt. of Public Instruction—Edward Hyatt.
Adjutant General—E. A. Forbes.

RAILROAD COMMISSION
President—John M. Eastman.
Commissioners—Harvey D. Loveland, Alex. Gordon, Edwin O. Edgerton, Max Thelen.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
Burton A. Towne, Charles D. Blaney, N. D. Darlington.

County Officials

Judge of Superior Court.....George H. Buck
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Sheriff.....Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor.....Harry Underhill
Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Tax and Liecnse Collector.....A. McSweeney
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Public Schools.....Roy W. Cloud
Sureyor.....James V. Neuman
Coroner and Public Admr.....H. G. Plymire
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie
Assemblyman.....Henry Ward Brown

SUPERVISORS
First District.....James T. Casey, Colma
Second District...Wm. H. Brown, San Mateo
Third District.....John MacBain, Menlo Park
Fourth District..J. M. Francis, Halfmoon Bay
Fifth District....D. E. Blackburn, Pescadero

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
First District

Ellis C. Johnson.....Daly City
John F. Davis.....San Bruno

CONSTABLES—First District
J. H. Parker.....Daly City
J. C. Wallace.....South San Francisco

Daly City Officials

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, J. H. Morris
Recorder, Ellis C. Johnson
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

DALY CITY POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

HAZEL C. RUSSELL,
Postmistress.

COLMA POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Money order window opened from 8 a. m. to 5.45 p. m.
Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.
Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.
Outgoing mail leaves as follows:
7.08 a. m.
1.10 p. m.
6.49 p. m.
Mails arriving at this office are as follows:
6.05 a. m.
11.56 a. m.
5.55 p. m.
JOSEPHINE ARMANINO,
Postmistress.

For Sale—I will sell my Belgian hares and pens cheap. Enquire at post office. *

For Sale—A 1913 Indian motorcycle, fully equipped; price $220. Enquire at 145 Santa Ana avenue, Daly City. *

DON'T MONKEY with the Cheap Printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us legitimate union prices for good work and get satisfaction. *

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission road. Office hours 10:30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment Sundays 10 to 12. *

Those sending in local items will greatly increase the interest by giving the initials of people mentioned. Doing so will add value to the item and be far more satisfactory to every reader.

PAY UP!!—Quite a number of our subscribers owe for the paper. The amounts are small but when several hundred of them are added together the amount would be sufficiently large to cover all our obligations, which is what we desire.

To complete the files of the Daly City Record we desire a copy of the issue of March 14, 1913. If any of our subscribers have a copy of that issue, they will confer a favor by sending asme to this office, for which we will be pleased to reciprocate.

The honest way to discontinue a subscription to a newspaper is to first pay the small amount you owe. Thus you will retain the respect of the editor and guard your own peace of mind. To do otherwise, such as ordering the postmaster to notify the publisher that the paper is "refused," is cowardly, sneaking as a snake thief, and worse than highway robbery.

A girl will trust a young man with her heart before she would with her jewelry.

A person who doesn't learn something every day is gradually becoming a back number.

There are boycotts in Kansas City and other Eastern cities on 40-cent eggs. Why not here on 80-cent eggs?

Two acres of land with new 5-room house at foot of Fifth avenue for sale or lease. Custer-Martin, 702 Market street, San Francisco. *

Palms and Ornamental Trees, Roses, Shrubs and anything in this line—John Wohlers, Nurseryhan, School Street Boulevard, Colma.

There will be a pie and cake social at the M. E. Church, corner Garden street and Knowles avenue, on Wednesday afternoon, December 17. *

A girl will let a beau spend most of his salary on bon bons and ice cream and then wonder why it takes him so long to save up enough to get married.

The sixteen-year-old sister of Wm. Klotts, one of Daly City's well respected citizens, arrived this week from her native town in Germany, and will make her home here.

Burton, the four-year-old son of Mrs. Katherine Cairns, underwent an operation at Mary's Help Hospital Monday, having the adenoids and tonsils removed. The little boy is getting along fine.

Mrs. Ben Hansen, who resides near the west end of Los Angeles avenue, was taken to St. Luke's Hospital Thursday to undergo quite a serious operation, affecting the head near one of her ears.

George Fowler, the tool-sharpener, whose shop is opposite the Home of Peace Cemetery, left last Friday for Portland, Oregon, in response to a call to the bedside of his mother, who is very sick.

The ladies of the M. E. Church Ladies' Aid wish to announce that they have ready-made women's and children's garments for sale, or will make to order. The profits are to be used for a worthy cause. *

The United Railroads began the repair of the Mission street paving in front of the Vista Grande school building Wednesday. The work, which was done only recently, was certainly inferior, there being an almost continuous row of uneven bumps from Orange avenue to the top of the hill.

"Common Stench," unless it dies a-bornin, will be the name of the next promiser of "lower taxes" and "vacant lots all covered with peanut and strawberry trees," with offlce of publication at the den of treason. The "Common Stench" bids fair (or unfair) to out-stink its four vilainous predecessors that now rest in the Record's graveyard.

Julius Nelson, who is well and favorably known in Daly City, has accepted a position with the Postal Telegraph and Cable Co. of Portland, Oregon, where he is nicely situated. His family remains here, however, so we are not likely to lose him entirely. He has ordered the Record sent to his address, wishing to keep posted on affairs at home.

In the entire county of San Mateo the only protest to the San Mateo Building Trades Council suggesting the withdrawal of the Council's indorsement of either the Daly City Record or San Mateo Index was from H. Fellows, Daly City, who is supposed to be interested in the proposed new paper—the "Common Stench." In the meantime it will be noted that the Building Trades Council indorsement has not been withdrawn.

Mrs. B. E. Gardenier has returned from a five months' visit to her old home in Kansas City, Missouri, where she had a very delightful time with relatives and many old-time friends of childhood days. On her return she stopped two days at Denver, Colorado, where she enjoyed a splendid Rocky Mountain snow storm, it being a real novelty compared to her California home, where it never snows. Mrs. Gardenier is one of Daly City's most excellent ladies, who has been missed by her many friends.

A Narrow Escape

William Grosskurth of the Marine View Tavern, an enthusiastic fisherman, had an experience lately that will cause him to be very careful hereafter in his piscatorial pursuits. He selected a dry reef from which to cast his line, and as the tide was receding had no fear of danger until an immense comber rushed madly towards him. It struck him amidships, but he succeeded in maintaining his footing. Another and larger breaker immediately followed, striking him on the breast and knocking him into a crevice below filled with rushing waters. Luckily, in his descent he escaped striking the rocks, otherwise he would not have been able to return and relate his experience. Several abrasions and the loss of considerable cuticle serve as unpleasant reminders of the narrow escape.—Coast Side Comet.

Important Roadhouse Change

Caleb Coakley, who for many years has conducted The Boulevard at the corner of Mission road and School street, Colma, and built up one of the most popular and high-class roadhouses in California, has sold out to Victor L. Coppa, who took possession December 1.

Mr. Coppa is one of the Coppas of California restaurant fame, whose restaurants in San Francisco, Los Angeles and other California cities are of the very highest class, and it is proposed to convert The Boulevard into a place that will be unexcelled even in the cities, where those who journey along the State Highway may get the finest of service. The place will be remodeled and greatly improved and when the same is completed we may give more particulars, which are quite sure to be interesting to everybody.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE
December 10, 1913

Those certain lots numbered Thirty-six (36) and Forty-three (43) in Block Number Sixty-four (64) of the Reis Tract in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, and as delineated and described on a map of said Reis Tract, filed in Map Book Number One, pages two hundred and forty-one and two hundred and forty-two, filed for record in the office of the County Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, no May nineteenth, Nineteen Hundred and Four.

Also all those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land situate in the Castle Tract Homestead Association land near Colma, in San Mateo County, State of California, designated upon the official map of said tract approved June 26, Eighteen Hundred and Seventy-one, on file in the office of the County Recorder of said San Mateo County, California, as Lots Numbered Thirty-four (34) and Thirty-five (35) in Block Number Five (5-, and Lots Numbered Fifty-six (56) Fifty-seven (57), Fifty-eight (58), Fifty-nine (59), Sixty (60) and Sixty-one (61) in Block Number Six (6).

The terms and conditions of said sale are as follows:

Cash in gold coin of the United States, ten (10) per cent. of the amount bid to be paid at time of acceptance of bid, and the balance on confirmation of sale by said Superior Court. All bids or offers must be in writing and may be delivered to the undersigned referees at their office, 953 Monadnock Building, San Francisco, California.

ROBERT DAVIES,
J. S. MULVEY,
F. M. THAL,
Referees.

Dated at San Francisco, California, November 4th, 1913.

REES P. DANIELS, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 951-952 Monadnock Building, San Francisco, California.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, Deceased.

No. 1699.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Kate Scramaglia, Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said Giovanni Scramaglia, deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made November 28th, 1913) to the administratrix of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington Street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administratrix for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Giovanni Scramaglia, somestimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Dated, November 28th, 1913.

KATE SCRAMAGLIA,
Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administratrix, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

This notice was first published in the Daly City Record, Friday, November 28, 1913.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., October 1, 1913 of the

DALY CITY RECORD

published weekly at DALY CITY, CAL., required by Act of August 24, 1912.

NOTE.—This statement is to be made in duplicate, both copies to be delivered by the publisher to the postmaster, who will send one copy to the Third Assistant Postmaster General (Division of Classification), Washington, D. C., and retain the other in the files of the post office.

Editor,—J. L. Brown, 111 Theta avenue
Managing Editor.—J. L. Brown.
Business Manager.—J. L. Brown.
Publisher,—J. L. Brown,
Owner,—J. L. Brown, 111 Theta avenue.
Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: NONE.

Signed, J. L. BROWN, Owner.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of October, 1913.

ELLIS JOHNSON,
(SEAL) Notary Public
My commission expires January 11, 1916.

DALY CITY'S PERIL

Apparent Blunders of the Solid Three, of The Board of Trustees, Precipitate A Very Expensive LAW SUIT.

PEOPLE TO PAY THE FREIGHT

The injunction suit commenced in the Superior Court yesterday by H. C. Barker against the City of Daly City, for the purpose of restraining the construccion of our municipal water system, is very much to be regretted, for there is no telling where or when this litigation may end. In fact it may result in much delay or even worse, effectually be a means of thwarting the greatly cherished desires of almost our sntire people.

The City is made the defendant in this injunction suit and each of the city officials is named and has been or will be served with the voluminous papers that are composed of from 50 to 100 closely typewritten pages, detailing every conceivable transaction from the bond issue campaign down to date, creating the fear that there must be more or less merit in the action, to justify the large expense of thus enjoining the city's much needed improvement.

It would seem that the expense to the taxpayers, in payment of two or three law firms at a cost of several hundred dollars, should have insured our immunity from such an attack, and probably would had we a competent set of city trustees who have knowledge of such matters; that common sense might have been added to the expensive expert legal advice.

Of course, all loyal people hope that no blunders have been made, but when there is so much smoke there must be some fire, but the many other acts of the solid three that were so disastrous to our city's well being are not calculated to instill much confidence. Anyway, the tax-ridden property owners must suffer an enormous expense to fight this suit.

DALY CITY DADS

A special meeting of the Daly City Board of Trustees was held Tuesday evening with all present except Green.

A very large number of protests against the iniquitous tax levy were read and filed.

The State Highway Commission having demanded a bond from Daly City in the sum of $1000 to protect the highway from injury in constructing the water system, the bond was executed.

Biebel complained that a building recently constructed in the Crocker Tract had an obstruction on the sidewalk, and at once a motion was made to have the marshal require the same to be immediately removed. Mr. Freyer here took the floor and asked that the motion include all obstructions, and called attention to an obstruction on Los Angeles avenue to which he had called attention six weeks ago and Ross had made a note of the place, yet the obstruction still remains, notwithstanding a lady was quite badly hurt by falling over it. But of coursre no such decent suggestion as Mr. Freyer's was considered.

A communication was received from the Contra Costa Construction Co. demanding reimbursement from Daly City because they had been twice stopped in the work of laying the Mission street water main.

NEW

PENINSULA THEATRE

DALY CITY'S
SPLENDID
Vaudeville and Movies

Cor. Mission a Templeton

This Play House is equal in its productions of Fine Pictures and Vaudeville Sketches to any place in San Francisco and the crowds each evening are idicative of the appreciative shown by th people.

JUST GO ONE EVENING AND BE CONVINCED

ANGELO SELMI
THE LEADING
GROCER

Fruit & Vegetable Dealer

Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN
COAL
AND
FEED

253 Sickles Ave. Phone Mission 8100

Ocean View, S. F.

Daly City Postoffice

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

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SAN FRANCISC

SOCIAL EVENTS are so interesting to the readers of a local newspaper that the Index and Record is particularly desirous of mentioning them, and we wish everyone to bear this in mind and inform us of everything of that nature coming under their observation, either past or prospective. Please address "Society Editor" and sign your name—not for publication unless you wish it—but as a guarantee of good faith. Such announcements should reach this office not later than 9 P. M. Tuesday of each week, in order to insure insertion.

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ROUND THE WORLD

A mirror which reflects true colors is said to have been invented.

A complete census of Mexico for 1910 shows the population to be 15,160,369.

St. Louis will soon build a new sewer five miles long at a cost of over $2,000,000.

Philadelphia officials now quiz all marriage license applicants along eugenic lines.

Extensions of the boundaries of Glasgow last year made it the second city in population in the United Kingdom.

More than five times as many immigrants entered Brazil last year as went to that vast country ten years ago.

The Rockefeller sanitary commission for the eradication of the hookworm has treated 400,000 cases in the past three years.

A competitive test of milking machines in England by the royal agricultural society recently was won by a Swedish machine.

Of all the males in England and Wales aged ten years and upward, 837 per 1,000 are occupied and 163 per 1,000 are unoccupied.

Efforts are being made to extend navigation on the Rhine to Lake Constance. Three prizes, $10,000, $7,000 and $5,000, are to be given.

Rural districts in Denmark show less than one-twentieth of 1 per cent illiteracy. In the United States the corresponding figure is 10 per cent.

Vacuum cleaners are coming into use in New York for cleaning sidewalks, sweeping them after 8 o'clock in the morning being forbidden by law.

A French inventor has turned out an arc light projecting lantern with which may be used opaque pictures, glass lantern slides or motion picture films.

At the request of the government of China a Chinese student has been assigned as aid in one of the field parties of the United States geological survey.

Medical inspection is particularly well organized in the department of the Seine, France, where 275 medical inspectors visit the schools of their districts every week.

Following an explosion in a Philadelphia bleachery 600 Turkish towels were blown 100 feet in the air and came down in what looked like a cloud of gigantic snowflakes.

The success of three department stores in China has led to the establishment of a fourth in the southern part of the republic. The greater part of the trade is with the Chinese.

A Viennese composer has written an operetta intended for use in the films only. The characters in it will not be heard. They will be seen, while an orchestra plays the music intended to illustrate their story.

London streets are growing more dangerous every year. In 1904 155 persons were killed and ten injured in traffic accidents in the metropolitan area. Last year the figures were 537 and 20,000 respectively.

The toxic tendencies of alkaline waters have been corrected with nitric acid experimentally by an Australian chemist, which leads to the belief that vast areas of unproductive land may be safely irrigated in that manner.

Tree planting societies have been started in Norway to cover the mountain sides and untillable areas of the country with forests, as they were centuries ago. The annual report shows that last year 144 societies planted 2,276,000 trees.

Hollow concrete tile blocks will be made at Panama, the canal commission having arranged for the erection of a plant for their manufacture. Most of the permanent buildings at the new town of Balboa will probably be erected with these blocks.

Thirty-nine million passengers in all crossed San Francisco bay between December, 1911, and December, 1912, an increase of over 2,500,000 as recorded in the year previous. They were carried on the five ferry lines touching the east and north shores of the bay.

Construction of the Peter the Great fortress, the greatest fortress in the world, designed for the protection of St. Petersburg, Russia, has begun. This fortress will consist of a chain of island forts extending across the gulf of Finland, a distance of over thirty-seven miles.

Last year over 60,000 ministers preached sermons on the prevention of consumption on tuberculosis day, which will be held on Dec. 7 this year. It is hoped this year to swell the number to 100,000 and to urge similar action besides in a large number of the schools and other societies.

Dr. Pierre Roxe, who has just announced the discovery of an anti-cholera serum, is director of the Pasteur institute, Paris. He made his statement before the Academy of Sciences and said that monkeys which had been infected with cholera had been cured by inoculation with the serum.

The shades of the builders of the pyramids might have been interested onlookers at the sight of iron girders weighing forty-six tons each going up nineteen stories to the top of a building being erected in New York city. This is said to be the first time that girders of this weight have been lifted to such a height.

London will be one of the best lighted cities in the world when the installation of a new system of centrally suspended lamps using high pressure gas with inverted burners has been completed. Although the amount of illumination will be increased by 6,000 candle power, it is estimated that a saving of about $34,000 a year will be made over the old system.

FOR THE CHILDREN

A Good Fairy.

Follow Fairy Find-a-Way
If you follow any
Those who do so always say
He has songs a-many
And will open wide a door
Where it seemed was none before.

If you, honest, have a doubt
Who is best to follow
Try-Again and Look-About,
Quick as any swallow,
Come and whisper you and say,
"Follow Fairy Find-a-Way!"
—Children's Magazine.

Crowning the Queen.

The fairies were almost in despair. It was the day before the night of the queen's coronation ball, at which she was to be crowned.

The fairies had made a very pretty crown for the queen, but the naughty elves had stolen it. They hadn't time to make another, and they were very unhappy.

As they were going to the ball they heard sounds behind them and looked around and saw the queen in her beautiful chariot. They saw also that she had a crown on her head.

They crowded around her eager to hear her story, and I will tell it to you as she told it to them.

"As I was walking across the grass near the woodcutter's cottage," began the fairy in her beautiful, soft voice, "looking at the sunset, I stumbled over something. It was the woodcutter's little daughter.

"She had been picking flowers for her mother and overheard all that you all said about having no crown for me. She jumped up, took off her ring and put it on my head and said I could have it, so that is how I came to have a crown."

Plucky Sparrows.

When feeding time comes around at the zoo one of the keepers spreads on a large wooden square in the giant birdcage big pieces of raw beef.

The eagles gather round, the vultures gather round, and even the griffon vultures and the awful lammergeier draw close. With their strong talons they clutch a piece of the red meat, hold it close to the ground and tear it with their beaks.

The sparrows are on hand. They enter the cage where these big birds make their home. Flitting here and there, a sparrow will peck at a piece of meat which a terrible eagle clutches in his talons and will try to drag it away, eagle and all. A little hen sparrow, busy and hungry, will elbow her way into the flock of terrible birds and in her actions seems to say, "I can lick a cageful of eagles, and where any eating's going on you have got to count me in."

An Egg Trick.

An odd experiment is that of putting an egg in a bottle without breaking the shell. Soak the egg, which must be fresh, for several days in strong vinegar. The acid of the vinegar will eat the lime of the shell so that while the egg looks the same it is really very soft.

Only a little care is needed to press the egg into the bottle. When this is done fill it half full of limewater and let it stand. The shell will absorb the lime and become hard again, and after the limewater is poured off you have the curious spectacle of an egg the usual size in a small necked bottle, which will be a great puzzle to those who do not know how it is done.

Solving the Question.

Ruth and Helen's mother was trying to teach the little girls the value of unselfishness and not always wanting their own way. One day she got them a couple of pieces of cake, and as one piece was larger she said, "Now, to whom shall I give the larger piece?" Each girl said to give it to the other, but Helen, seeing this did not solve the problem, said, "Well, mamma, you had better do as Ruth says this time."

Conundrums.

Where can you find the longest word in the English language? In the dictionary.

What is this? Up and down, up and down, touching neither sky nor ground. A pump handle.

If you saw a bee sitting on a flower and you wished to get the flower without disturbing the bee, what would you do? Wait until the bee flew off.

She Was Careful.

She was a little four-year-old, always talking, talking. One day she was much annoyed with her older sister, Louise, so she went to her mother with the complaint, saying: "Mother, Louise says that I talk too much, but I don't talk too much, do I, mother? I never say somethin' till I get through sayin' somethin' else. Is that talkin' too much?"

Sweet Music.

The other day my little girl, just two years and three months old, was wheeling her Teddy bear and doll in the doll buggy, the wheels of which needed oiling and were creaking loudly. She pushed the cart around the room and said, "Listen, mamma; Teddy and Katy are taking a music lesson."

The Difference.

"Effie," asked little Margie, who was slowly spelling words from a first reader, "how can I tell which is a 'd' and which is a 'b?'"

"Why," replied Effie wisely, "the 'd' has its tummy on its back."

The Octopus.

The octopus has wicked eyes
And eight arms, long and slim.
His body's made of squashy stuff.
I'd hate to step on him.

The Fall Trade

It Brought With It Business of Another Kind

By MILLARD MALTBIE

"Ethel," I said to my fiancee, "we must fix our wedding day either before the fall trade begins or after it is over, for I can't get away when it is on. If we fix it before it must be within, say, a month; if after we shall need to put it off for at least three months."

"I am afraid," said Ethel reflectively, "that it must be later rather than before. I've done very little in the way of getting ready and couldn't possibly complete my preparations within a month."

"You mean buy your trousseau?"

"Well, yes. But there are some small matters that need to be cleared up before we're married, and they all require time."

"Such as"—

"Oh, they are of no importance to you, simply affairs between me and acquaintances of mine."

"Obligations you wish to pay off?"

"Oh, no; not that at all. I'm not indebted to any one for favors."

"Old scores then?"

"That's more like it."

"Mention one of them."

"Well, there's Nell Blanchard. Last summer when we were at the Springs together she treated me very badly. Ned Franklin was there and devoted himself to me. Nell prejudiced him against me and got him away."

"What sort of a retaliation do you propose?"

"That's something I wish to speak to you about especially. You may object."

"Well, out with it."

"Why, the only way I can punish her is to show her that I can have him if I want him."

"Phew!"

"I was afraid you'd act mean about it."

"You mean that on the eve of your marriage with me you propose to bring down another man."

"Only to punish Nell Blanchard as she should be punished."

"Do you think that it is treating me right to carry on a flirtation while

"WHY DID YOU NOT TELL ME OF THIS FORMER LOVE AFFAIR?"

making your preparations to marry me?"

"But I'm telling you beforehand that it's for a special purpose. Besides, how many cases there are where everybody is surprised when an engagement is announced, persons saying, 'Why, I supposed she was going to marry So-and-so.' Nobody knows yet that we are engaged. How you will laugh in your sleeve when you hear of reports of my engagement to Ned Franklin!"

"It will be just too funny for anything, won't it?"

"And won't Nell be mad!"

"She'll burst for spite."

Being one of those fellows who consider the courting period a season wherein the girls are prizes to be gambled for, I saw no way but to chime in with my fiancee, pretending that I was quite willing she should remain in the ring till the last minute. Some men would have informed the lady that the old scores were ended upon her engagement and if she proposed to still take a hand in paying them off she must take back her freedom. But, for me, I never considered a girl a woman, but, rather, one to be played like a fish. I had supposed that I had landed Ethel, but now I saw that the landing must be deferred. So I told her that we had better put off our wedding till after the fall trade, and by that time I expected she would have paid all her indebtedness in the way of punishments and would have especially caused Nell Blanchard to rue the day that she had stepped in between Ethel and Ned Franklin.

At this she declared I must not imagine she would encourage Franklin.

We had a busy season, but I was not too busy to keep an eye on my fiancee. A lover is a pessimist, and I was by no means easy in my mind upon this vindication Nell was arranging for herself. Franklin I knew had been her favorite before I had appeared on the scene, and prior to our engagement I had suspected that I was serving for a snare by which to trap him. I heard something of his recent attentions to Ethel since she had begun her vindication, and some of my intimate friends, who knew that I was interested in her, began to look upon me with commiseration. Now and again I asked Ethel how she was getting on with her vindication, and she said that Nell was simply green with envy and jealousy.

I have never believed in defensive warfare. It is a military principle that the advantage preponderates to the attacking force. I considered bringing the matter to a focus by telling Ethel that if Nell was green with envy and jealousy nothing more was required and there was no further necessity for her playing Mr. Franklin in the matter; also that she had been reported to be engaged to him and all the surprise she could wish for would occur when her real engagement with me was given out, with the wedding soon to follow. But did not Ethel know all this without my telling her? And if she knew it what was to be gained by telling her?

If Mr. Franklin was destined to win in the game—as I strongly suspected he would—the end would be Ethel's giving me a rigmarole about her having unwittingly, unknowingly and unintentionally got into an unfortunate position and that she was obliged to give pain to me or Mr. Franklin and she was absolutely crushed; also that she had loved him and he had loved her till that horrid Nell Blanchard had come between them and made all the trouble. Then under such distressing circumstances I would be expected to do a magnanimous, noble part by relieving her of her frightful embarrassment by releasing her without blame.

One day I received a note from Ethel chiding me for not having been to see her for a week. She simply called my attention to the fact without comment. I replied that the fall trade was at its height, and I was working nights. I received another note stating that I had not worked every night, for I had been seen at the theater in company with a pretty girl a few evenings before. My reply to this was a confession. The young lady I had taken to the theater had once been a "flame" of mine. She possessed certain letters I had written her when I thought I loved her, which I was desirous to get into my possession before being married. In order to do this I must dissemble. When I had won her confidence I could the better devise a scheme for securing the letters.

I was quite sure this would bring matters to a climax, and it did. Ethel wrote me to come and see her at once. If I delayed she would send back the engagement ring I had given her. I thought over my next move and decided to go to see her. I found her very much troubled, though she endeavored to conceal evidence of the fact. Her face was heated, her eyes were restless and her bosom heaved.

"Why did you not tell me of this former love affair?" she asked in an accusatory tone.

"Because I supposed it was off long ago."

"And now it's on again."

To this I made no reply. I looked at the ceiling.

"Unless you wish to break with me you must drop it at once."

"I have not yet recovered my letters."

"Your letters! Nonsense!"

There was another silence. I took my eyes from the ceiling and directed them out through a window.

"Well, what are you going to do?" Ethel asked.

I responded in a quiet, reflective tone that if she would not object to my letters being used against me after my marriage with her I would let them remain where they were. I would call the next evening upon the lady possessing them and endeavor to persuade her to give up all idea of there ever being anything between us.

"Is it necessary that you should call to do that? Can't you write?"

"I committed myself in these letters I am anxious to secure and I should use diplomacy in the matter, just as you have been diplomatic in setting yourself right between Franklin and Nell Blanchard. By the by, how is that affair progressing?"

I looked at her with a cold stare.

"I have finished it," she replied ruefully.

"Indeed. It's a pity I had not taken up mine earlier; then they would both have been ended together."

"I thought you said you would end the matter at once."

"I said I would endeavor to do so."

She had taken hold of her engagement ring and was toying with it. I knew she was meditating taking it off and handing it to me.

"You would not have me treat a girl who loves me harshly, would you? You know how you have been situated with regard to Franklin."

There was a long silence. I thought it time to bring the matter to a focus.

"I will make you a proposition," I said. "Drop Franklin without a word, written or spoken, and I will do the same in my own case."

Another long silence, at the end of which she put out her hand to me. I clasped it, drew her to me and that was the end of paying off old scores. By this time the rush of the fall trade was over and we were married within a month. We passed over the border dividing the single from the married state, and prenuptial nonsense gave way to antenuptial conditions.

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For the Children

Mother's Little Helper Is a Sunshine Girl.

other's little helper, busy all the day,
ashing up the dishes, putting them away,
isting out the parlor, brushing down the stair,
eeping things in order, she is everywhere.

othing now the baby when its toothies hurt,
eeping little sister from playing in the dirt,
aking peace among them when the children frown,
tting tea for mother when she goes to town.

other's little helper, may she year to year
arn new ways of helping, learn new ways to cheer,
inging smiles and gladness to every one she knows,
attering the sunshine everywhere she goes.

Where Vanilla Came From.

The history of vanilla is closely associated with that of cocoa and chocote, for vanilla came with cocoa to irope. In fact, these three highly portant products of New Spain were troduced into Europe by Spaniards. the year 1520 cocoa was first drunk the court in Madrid, and with chocate, also a Mexican product, was ickly adopted.

For commercial reasons the method manufacturing chocolate was kept strict secret, and it was made alost exclusively in Mexico. In some anner, however, the carefully guard- secret reached Spain, and in 1540 e first chocolate factory was esblished at Barcelona.

In the production of a delicately vored chocolate vanilla is a necesry, and we may therefore conclude at the first introduction into Europe vanilla for commercial purposes tes back to about 1540.

Riddles.

What is that which flies high, flies w, has no feet, and yet wears shoes? ust.

Why is an egg too lightly boiled like e boiled too much? Because it is rdly done.

What is that which has neither flesh r bone and yet has four fingers and thumb? A glove.

Why is the sun like a good loaf? ecause it's light when it rises.

Why is a butcher's cart like his stock- g? Because he carries his calves ere.

What is the best way to keep water t of your house? Don't pay the wa- r tax.

When does a man have to keep his ord? When no one will take it.

Indian Laborer's Song.

In India when drawing water from he wells the man in charge of the peration invariably encourages the ullocks with a cheery singsong at he critical moment when they are aising the heavy leather pouch of ater from the well, and if he was to emain silent the Indian bullock, who s a strong conservative, would cerainly refuse to start. A song which he men sing when they are making ortar runs something like this: "Oh, ullock, what a work you are doing, oing round and round making mortar or the masons! Oh, bullock, go faster, o faster!" The masons will cry out: Oh, bullocks, for more mortar, more ortar. So go faster, go faster."

An Anecdote.

A mouse being chased by a cat in t. Joe's brewery fell into a vat of eer. The cat sprang to the edge of he vat and called, "Aha, Mrs. Mouse, ou had better have let me eat you han to drown."

"Yes," replied the mouse, "if you will save me from this you may eat ne."

The cat went to the edge of the ank and extended his paw, and the ouse landed and ran hastily into his ole.

"Come out," demanded the angry at. "Redeem your promise and let he devour you."

"Oh, no," said the mouse; "when I made it I was in liquor."

JOY OF HARD WORK.

[No man can work too hard or hours too long if his health will permit.—President Emeritus Eliot of Harvard University.]

Said the miner deep down in the earth
(And he laughed at the humor of it),
"It's a joy and a revel to dig like the devil
As long as my health will permit,
And, though it's a loss of delight to the boss,
He doesn't seem jealous a bit."

Said a girl in a thundering mill,
With a smile that was grateful and sweet:
"It's pleasant, this spinning; I fear that I'm sinning
In wanting to sleep and to eat!
Oh, it would be so grand to be able to stand
The other twelve hours on my feet."

Said the child in the tenement shop,
"Don't send me to play if you please;
I'd rather be sewing and stitching, you know,
In this hotbed of filth and disease,
For a sweatshop, you see, is dearer to me
Than the birds and the blossoming trees."

—Queensland Worker.

THE TOLPUDDLE MARTYRS.

A Bit of Trade Union History From the Last Century.

In the village of Tolpuddle, near Dorchester, England, there lived in 1834 an agricultural laborer named George Loveless. He was a man of unimpeachable character, earnest and pious, possessed of considerable natural ability and a local preacher in the Methodist denomination. The prevailing rate of wages in the district at the period mentioned was 7 shillings per week. It was not only an inequitable recognition of the services of the laborer by the man who exploited him, but it was quite inadequate for his reasonable maintenance and that of his family.

Loveless in association with five others, his brother, James Loveless, and Thomas Stanfield (both of them also local preachers), the latter's son, John Stanfield, James Brine, and James Hammet, brother-in-law of the two first named, was the leader in a movement for the formation of a "Friendly society" having for its object a social improvement, and particularly the negotiation of an increase in the rate of wages.

These men were arrested under 37 George III. c. 123 for "mutiny and conspiracy," a statute which was enacted for the suppression of mutinous marines and seamen in the royal navy. Loveless pleaded in vain:

"We have injured no man's reputation, character, person or property. We were uniting together to preserve ourselves, our wives and our children from utter ruin and starvation. We challenge any man or number of men to prove that we have acted or intended to act different from the above statement."

It was not possible to controvert this dictum. The learned judge (Mr. Justice Williams) in effect admitted its truth. He did not, he said, intend to sentence them for anything "they had done or intended to do, but as an example to others." With the instincts of his class predominating over the limitations and demands of his judicial office, he was afraid that such innovations might give to the wealth producer the rights of a free contracting party and the power to exercise some voice in the determination of the portion of the wealth he produced which should accrue to him for his services. He would not, if such organizations flourished, be entirely at the mercy of his "betters."

The Tolpuddle martyrs were for the "crime" above described sentenced to "seven years' transportation across his majesty's high seas." Methodism espoused their cause with zeal both inside and outside of parliament and ultimately secured their release and return to England in 1837.—George Keen, Brantford, Canada.

Railroad Fined For Overwork.

In an opinion handed down recently by Judge Charles P. Orr of the United States district court at Pittsburgh the Pennsylvania Railroad company was ordered to pay $4,900 to the United States. The government brought a suit, the first of its kind in this district, to recover penalties for infractions of the hours of service act. Thirty-four separate offenses were alleged, to which the railroad pleaded guilty except as to seven. These cases had jury trials.

The government alleged that in several instances employees were obliged to work more than sixteen hours a day and that on account of this at least one wreck occurred in Ohio a short time ago.

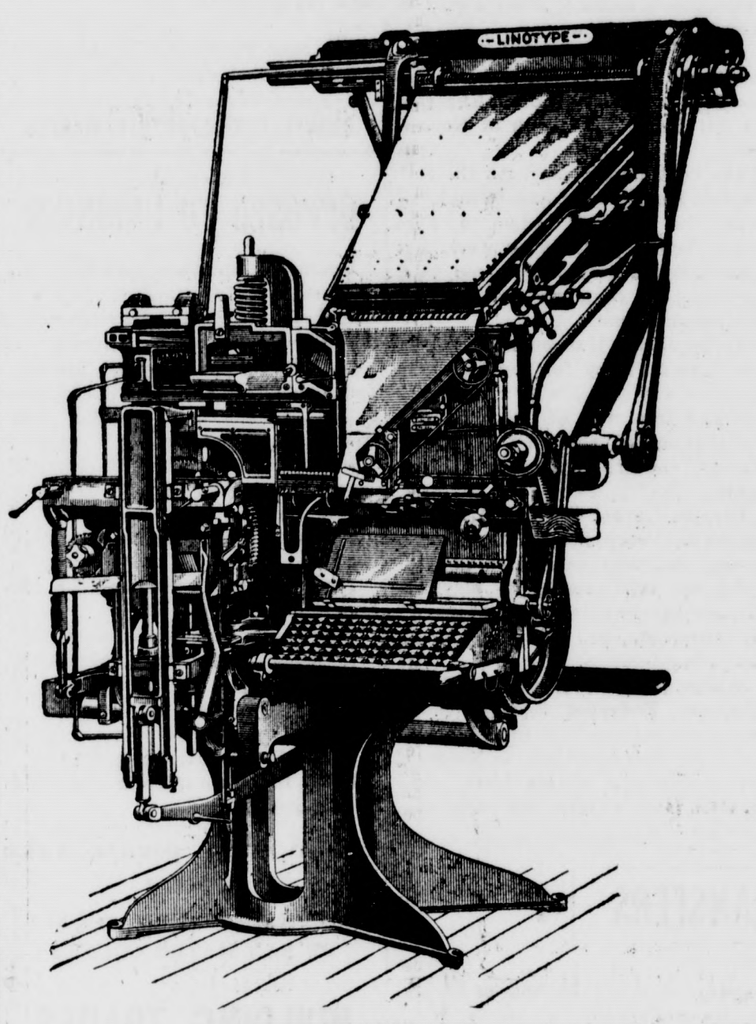
The act states that no employee shall be forced or permitted to work more than sixteen consecutive hours without a rest of ten hours.

Flint Glass Workers' Union.

The total receipts of the American Flint Glass Workers' union from 1878 to 1913 amounted to $4,252,952.96, while the expense during the same period was $4,092,850.39, leaving a balance of $160,102.57 in the treasury on June 1, 1913. From the birth of the organization to May 31, 1913, there was expended for relief alone the sum of $2,964,907.91. When it is considered, says the Glassworker, that the membership prior to this report never reached 9,000, with but a few exceptions, then some idea can be formed of the loyalty and determination of the membership.

PATRONIZE THE HOME

LINOTYPE WORK



BRIEFS, TRANSCRIPTS, BOOK WORK

AT

CITY PRICES

San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

Gems In Verse

"COLUMBUS."

ST. STEPHEN'S celebrated hall was proud
In learning's pomp that day,
For there a robed and stately crowd
Pressed on in long array.
A mariner with simple chart
Confronts that conclave high,
While strong ambition stirs his heart,
And burning thoughts of wonder part
From lip and sparkling eye.

What hath he said? With frowning face,
In whispered tones they speak
And lines upon their tablets trace,
Which flush each ashed cheek.
The inquisition's mystic doom
Sits on their brows severe,
And, bursting forth in visioned gloom,
Sad heresy from burning tomb
Groans on the startling ear.

Courage, thou Genoese! Old Time
Thy splendid dream shall crown.
Yon western hemisphere sublime,
Where unshorn forests frown,
The awful Andes' cloud wrapt brow,
The Indian hunter's bow,
Bold streams untamed by helm or prow
And rock of gold and diamonds thou
To thankless Spain shalt show.

Courage, world finder! Thou hast need.
In Fate's unfolding scroll
Dark woes and ingrate wrongs I read,
That rack the noble soul.
On, on! Creation's secret probe,
Then drink thy cup of scorn
And, wrapped in fallen Caesar's robe,
Sleep like that master of the globe,
All glorious—yet forlorn.

—Lydia Huntley Sigourney.

HER CHICKEN PIE.

"JACK, dear," she thoughtfully began,
"It was a tender hearted man
Who killed this bird that you and I
Are eating in my chicken pie.
Yes," she went on, "it must be so.
Dreading to deal the fatal blow,
I think, from all that now appears,
He hesitated years and years."

—Lippincott's Magazine.

NO SUCH THING.

THERE'S no such thing as "down an' out."
Folks don't know what they're talkin' 'bout
When they throw up their hands an' say,
"There's no more luck to come my way."
As long as you have hand to toil
There's food to gather from the soil.
As long as you have ears to hear
There's somethin' worth your learnin' near.

While you possess a voice to speak,
There's some one who your words will seek;
There's disappointment an' there's doubt,
But no such thing as "down an' out."

—Washington Star.

IN MEMORIAM.

SOMEWHERE along the endless miles
Of blue green ice and dove white snow
The dull sun smiles o'er feathered isles
Where men lie dead below.

ANTARCTIC winds your keen ears heard
Their last faint cry. What did they say?
Was it of home, the faltered word,
As they knelt down to pray?

DID their brave eyes fight creeping sleep
That sweetly numbs the freezing blood,
And did they see beyond the deep
The vision of their God?

COLD, cold their beds, but who shall say
Their memories shall not live and grow?
Their names shall know no yesterday,
Their deeds no sunset glow.

—Percy Shaw.

REGRET.

Regret
Not with the aid of countless year
Can I erase from memory
The thought of what you were to me,
And yet
Methinks my grief would lose its sting
If you'd return that diamond ring.
(N. B.—It is not paid for yet.)

—L. B. Coley.

"ONE DAY MORE."

THE cordage creaks and rattles in the wind,
With freaks of sudden hush; the reeling sea
Now thumps like solid rock beneath the stern,
Now leaps with clumsy wrath, strikes short, and, falling,
Crumbled to whispery foam, slips rustling down
The broad backs of the waves, which jostle and crowd
To fling themselves upon that unknown shore,
Their used familiar since the dawn of time.
Whither this foredoomed life is guided on
To sway on triumph's hushed, aspiring poise
One glittering moment, then the break fulfilled.
One day more
These muttering shoalbrains leave the helm to me.
God, let me not in their dull ooze be stranded;
Let not this one frail bark, to hollow which
I have dug out the pith and sinewy heart
Of my aspiring life's fair trunk, be so
Cast up to warp and blacken in the sun,
Just as the opposing wind 'gins whistle off
His cheek swollen mates and from the leaning mast
Fortune's full sail strains forward! One poor day!
Remember whose and not how-short it is.
It is God's day; it is Columbus',
A lavish day! One day with life and heart
Is more than time enough to find a world.

—"Columbus," James Russell Lowell.

"THAT STRAIN AGAIN."

SWEET is the voice that sings, and sweet the air,
But only sweet to me because they bring
Back perfectly to my remembering
A tune as sad and passionate as prayer—
A tune I heard when life and love were fair;
When all the strong, sweet perfumes of the spring
Did so about my lady's presence cling,
They seemed her very loveliness to share.
So when I hear this tune that other strain
Revives within me, and I see again
My lady's face; yea, then I do rejoice,
Recalling half lost beauties of her voice;
A little then the present off I cast
And walk 'mid lovely ruins of the past.

—Philip Bourke Marston.

Woman's World

First Lawyer of Fair Sex In Criminal Court.

MISS AMY WREN.

Miss Amy Wren, lawyer and suffragist, of New York city has the distinction of being the first woman lawyer who ever appeared in the criminal branch of the United States district court of the district of New York.

She went before United States Commissioner Shields recently as counsel for a Chinese who was charged with manufacturing opium.

Ennui; That's Punishment.

No greater punishment than ennui? That is what Ruth Helen Davis, translator of "The Daughter of Heaven," says. She has done some very clever work in French translation and has enjoyed every minute of it. Her theory is as follows:

"Dullness is the burden of the rich. Lack of contrast is their stumbling block to enjoyment. I know no greater punishment that ennui.

"Restlessness and the constant search for novelty is a cruel master. There is nothing enviable in this world but self development, self knowledge. Its beginning and ending is concentration.

"No one ever need be dull in this world. No one need to be lastingly downcast. Just think of all the things in the world that are to be done and the different ways there are to do them.

"The simplest task can be made the beginning of a study. The most ordinary talent, if focused and concentrated, can be made a means to real achievement, which is only another name for joy and contentment.

"It is odd how blind many wealthy persons are to the fact that work is the greatest satisfier in the world.

"Happiness is cheap. Any one can have it who will concentrate. Self development, built on concentration, is the very finest game on earth.

"If those who are on the verge of something desperate would only step on a railroad train, for instance, and go to some strange place, no matter where, and follow up some work suited to their ability, however humble, there would be fewer suicides."

Would Woman Be Less Quarrelsome?

If men indulged in the unsportsmanlike tactics employed by women in the social and organization game they would not only lose all chance at the coveted office, but they would probably be well beaten up for their actions. The woman is cruel, discourteous and unfair to her sisters because she knows another woman will not strike her. It would be so unfeminine!

Have you ever listened while the women and girls of a household repeated the tale of their experiences at the Ladies' Aid society, the Whist club, the Altar guild, the Lunch club? Do you hear how many aprons were made for the next sale, what finesse was displayed in playing a certain hand at bridge, how the guild has decided to redecorate the chancel or the latest discoveries in domestic science made by the young cooks? says the Pictorial Review.

Not at all. The burning question in almost every case is the inefficiency of some officers or the unwarranted power wielded by others. Consider how many good movements have been launched in your town, only to die an untimely death because the organizers fell to quarreling among themselves.

The Coming Maude.

Maude Muller one day, eating fudge,
Looked up and saw the county judge.

Maude was a pretty girl, all right.
His honor fell in love at sight.

And when about a month had fled
Maude promised that the judge she'd wed.

Then o'er the judge's pathway came
A wealthy, proud and stately dame.

The judge then for ambition's sake
Poor little Maude resolved to shake.

An ardent suffragette was Maude,
Chairwoman of the county board.

"I'll get square," Maude said, "without fail,"
So told her party her sad tale.

Judge had elected been in fall;
In spring they voted his recall.

The haughty dame refused to wed.
"You are no longer judge," she said.

This lesson sad he learned, you bet:
"Don't monkey with a suffragette!"

—Tom W. Jackson in Judge.

PACIFIC COAST SIDE

What Our Neighbors Along the Pacific's Shore Have Been Doing, Are Doing and Will Do

Frederick Noccelli is building a big barn on his ranch near Salada Beach.

Mrrs. Wm. Fahey of Salada Beach visited friends in San Francisco the fore part of last week.

Mrs. George H. Flint of San Francisco spent several days in Moss Beach visiting her husband.

Clyde Johnson, the Misses Blanche and Florence and Mrs. Johnson were guests of C. M. Johnson on Thanksgiving.

A. Matson, section foreman on the Ocean Shore, left Tuesday for a six months' visit to his parents at Malmo, Sweden.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Smith of Seal Cove visited friends and relatives in Oakland and Berkeley Monday and Tuesday.

A. Beal of San Francisco has purchased the Harrington house at Brighton Beach and will reside there permanently.

The trustees are making some notable improvements on the grounds of the Montara-Farallone and Moss Beach schools.

Mr.r and Mrs. Manuel Frarncis visited relatives at Mountain View last week and Mr. and Mrrs. W. P. Dutrat visited in San Jose.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Gladden of Sissons were in Half Moon Bay last Thurrsday visiting their sons, who are attending high school.

Frank Bennett of Pescadero died Thursday, November 27. The body was taken to Half Moon Bay for interment in the local cemetery.

Mr, and Mrsr. Joseph Nash of Redwood City were in Moss Beach Monday visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Wienke, parents of Mrs. Nash.

The severe storms of the past month have not affected the Ocean Shore trains. They come right along, just as if nothing had happened.

August Schnoor of Berkeley is at North Granada for the winter months and will finish his hotel building adjacent to the North Granada Hotel.

Build, build, build! is the slogan at Marine, as seven lot owners signify their intentions of having homes by spring. Contracts have been awarded.

The trustees of the Half Moon Bay High School have a force of men improving the grounds of that institution by the planting of trees, flowers, etc.

The artichoke shipments are getting very brisk and within a week carload lots will be sent to New York and other Eastern cities cities from Half Moon Bay.

Mr. and Mrsr. Robert Gallagher of Farallone have moved into their new $10,000 residence at that place. Their residence is one of the finest on the Coast Side.

Conductor Houck, who broke his leg some time ago while at work on the Ocean Shore Railroad, has returned to his home at Half Moon Bay after spending a number of weeks in a San Francisco hospital.

R. W. Cobb of San Francisco, who has traveled across the continent 20 times, has settled at Seal Cove for the winter. Mr. Cobb says he likes this coast and that it is one of the best places he has visited.

The R. Martini Co., which has planted over 300 acres on the Coast Side to artichokes, has just received two carloads of seed potatoes and a number of cars of seed grain which will be planted this season. Five thousand acres in this section will be utilized for this purpose.

Miss Grace Francis has given up her position as cashier in the meat market and has resumed her studies in the stenographic course after havbeen out two months. She intends to make up for lost time and will finish along with the rest of the class. Glad to see you back, Grace.—Half Moon Bay Review.

Tides for Abalone and Eel

The following table gives the latest of good tides over on the San Mateo county coastside from the present time to and including the month of December:

Date	Time	Tide
December 10	3:19 p. m.	0 1
December 11	3:47 p. m.	-0 4
December 12	4:25 p. m.	-0 8
December 13	5:05 p. m.	-1 1
December 14	5:47 p. m.	-1 2
December 15	6:29 p. m.	-1 1
December 23	1:59 p. m.	0 1
December 24	2:52 p. m.	-0 6
December 25	3:42 p. m.	-1 0
December 26	4:28 p. m.	-1 3
December 27	5:13 p. m.	-1 3
December 28	5:55 p. m.	-1 2
December 29	6:36 p. m.	-0 9

"Ministers talk against vice," says a newspaper. And that's about as far as some of them get.

Violets Take Place of Hogs

More than 250,000 hogs have disappeared from the northern part of San Mateo county because of the enforcement of a health ordinance by District Attorney Franklin Swart, whose vigilance has caused the birth of a new industry.

Colma and the towns adjacent to it, formerly the center of hog ranching in the county, now raise violets instead of hogs.

Wherever the pigs have dsiappeared under the pressure of the law the violet is being cultivated and can be seen blooming in all its scented vigor.

Residents of the county recently complained against the maintenance of hog ranches, which they declared were a menace to health and property. The Board of Supervisors passed an ordinance directing an exodus of the hogs, and the battle was carried to the Supreme Court by the hog ranchers, who had waxed rich.

The ranchers lost out, and, setting about for a new industry for their land, began the cultivation of violets, and it is now claimed that practically all of the district is given over to the raising of them.—Coast Side Comet.

Heirs Sue for Accounting

The estate of John T. Doyle, the pioneer lawyer whose shrewdness in making the Southern Pacific take a 50-year lease through his Menlo Park estate instead of a bill of sale just netted his heirs $100,000, is the ecnter of an interesting contest which started Monday before Judge George H. Buck. A. H. Redington, attorney for John D. Pope and Emilie Pope, who, as Doyle's grandchildren, received a portion of his estate, is suing John J. Doyle and Edmund Doyle,sons and trustees of the Doyle fortune, for an accounting.

Irregularities in the accounting of the $500,000 estate are charged. L. S. Reading, a public accountant, has been ordered by Judge Buck to audit the books and file his report with the court.

Keep your nose out of other people's business—and let your eyes and ears follow your nose.

REDWOOD CITY RAMBLINGS

Drr. H. W. Taggart is reported as improving from his illness. He is at St. Luke's Hospital, San Francisco.

Frank Durham has returned to his home in Verdi, Nevada, wherre he is engaged in farming. Mr. Durham was called here recently on account of the illness of his mother, Mrs. Martha Durham, who is now greatly improved.

The home of Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Ross was the scene of a pretty party on Friday night, when Miss Blanche Ross entertained a large number of her schoolmates, in honor of her 12th birthday. Games and dancing furnished the diversions, and a supper of dainties with a beautiful birthday cake, closed the affair.

Mrs. Arnold Hess was the hostess at a dinner given in honor of her children and their familis at her home on Thanksgiving.

Mrrs. O. M. Carrington and two children are at Carmel visiting Mr. Carrington's mother. They expect to remain until next week.

According to the rain gauge at the depot, the total rainfall for the season has been 4.10 inches. The rain all fell during the month of November.

The contractors who have the contract to construct the county highway from the Finger bridge to Five Points began preliminary work last week and are preparing to put on a big force to complete the highway on contract time.

Judge James Hannon appeared on the streets Friday for the first time since he was struck with an automobile and fractured his leg. He was greeted on all sides by his many friends, who are glad to see him out again.

Ulysses Govan, of Atlanta, Ga., is trying to locate his father, Ulysses Govan, Sr., who once lived in Redwood but later moved to Mayfield. Anyone knowing the whereabouts of Mr. McGovern, Sr., will kindly notify this office.

Wilbur Doxese, treasurer of the Christian Endeavor Society, entertained the members of the society at his home Saturday last in honor of the anniversary of his birth. The occasion was a very enjoyable one. About twenty-five persons attended.

E. G. Hamilton, the local collector for the telephone company, has resigned his position and has accepted the position of assistant jailor under Sheriff A. B. Langford of Santa Clara County.

George W. Lovie was operated upon at the Peninsula hospital at Palo Alto last Monday by Dr. Ross, Dr. Williams and Dr. Chapin. The operation was a cvery serious one, and was successfully performed. Mr. Lovie is improving nicely and will recover, although it will be some little time before he will be able to leave the hospital.

While hunting on the marsh Sunday last Thomas Curran shot a spoonbill which carried on its leg a metal tag inscribed with directions for returning the same to the Fish and Game Commision. The Commission is making efforts to investigate the migratios of game birds, and anyone finding tags will assist by forwarding them to the secretary with all the data regarding the lnd.

The man who hopes for his ship to come in should stick to water.

REALTY TRANSFERS

Shore Line Invest. Co. to C. Embring and wife, Lot 4, blk. 56, Granada.

Central Trust Co. of Cal. to J. F. Curran. Lot 9, blk. 6, Hillcrest.

Rockaway Beach Co. to C. P. Jones. Lot 31, blk. 11, Rockaway Beach.

George H. Irving to R. W. Blosser and wife. Lot 14, blk. 5, Menlo Oaks.

Bowie Estate Co. et al to C. T. Wheeler. Lot 4, blk. 2, Central Adn., San Mateo.

Phebe M. Rideout to J. E. Barry. Blk. 8, Menlo Oaks.

J. E. Barry to Martha F. Sell Same as above.

The Moxey Realty Co. to M. C. Jarvine. Lots .9 to 32, blk. 2, Reese Sub.

Oaks Co. to L. Humme. Lots 15, 16, blk. 63, Dumbarton Oaks.

So. San Francisco Land and Imp. Co. to A. T. Smitth. Lot 39, blk. 118, South San Francisco.

A M. Easton and wife to Ada S. Buck. Lot 17, blk. 37, Easton Adn. to Burlingame.

Shore Line Invest. Co. to P. Sullivan. Lot 6, blk. 96, Granada.

West Redwood Land Co. to E. J. Sprenger et al. Lots 9, 10, blk. 3, West Redwood.

H. F. Sundeen et al to C. A. Wolf and wife. Lot 13, blk. 14, Vista Grande.

J. C. Evans and wife to W. F. Hoffman. Lot 21, blk. 29. Lyon & Hoag Sub.

Crockerr Estate Co. to W. de Ronden-Pos. Lot 1, blk. 27, Crocker Trract.

Moxey Realty Co. to C. A. Rudorff. Lots 7, 8, blk. 1, Reese Sub.

W. B. McAllister to John Bennett. Lot 2, blk. 19, Lyon & Hoag Sub.

N. F. Brahan and wife to same. Lot 1, portion 2, blk. 14, Town of Burrlingame.

West Redwood Land Co. to G. S. Matthews and wife. Lot 5, blk. 3, West Redwood.

F. H. Richardson to Marry E. Richardson. Lot 13, blk. 16, Millbrae Villa Tract.

Jas. Curran and wife to E. Bianchi Jr. and wife. Lot 1, blk. 2, Sweeney Adn., Redwood.

Hensley-Green Co. to F. S. Durden. Lot 55, blk. 30, San Bruno Park.

F. P. Brophy and wife to H. Bowen. Lot 1, blk. 15, Princeton-by-the Sea.

West Redwood Land Co. to T. J. Henry. Lots 45 to 48, blk. 5, West Redwood.

Anglo-Cal. Trust Co. to Mrs. C. H. Doggett. Lot 15, blk. 32, Belle Air Park Adn.

Same to Mrs. Clara Loveland. Lot 9, blk. 15, per same map.

Kerrn-Neilan Co. Inc. to A. Gambogia. Lot 8, blk. 24, and lot 52, blk. 23, Union Park.

A. M. Easton and wife to Mary G. Wright. Lot 5, blk. 22, Easton Adn. Burlingame.

Montara Realty Dev. Co. to A. P. Cadenasso. Lots 40, 41, 32, blk. 29, Montara.

Edw. .F Fitzpatrrrick and wife to Catherine Lane et al, 37.36 acres, Ro. Canada de Raymundo.

B. Reges to J. Castro and wife. Lot 7, blk. D, Boyd and Kent Adn. Redwood.

Guadaloupe Dev. Co. to F. Duhine. Lot 1, blk. 4 , City of Visitacion.

Burlingame Grove Co to Chas. A. Franklin anl yife. Lot 1 , blk. 7, Burlingame Grove Tract.

Chas. H. Kendrick to Elizabeth S. Hill. Lots 1, 2, blk 3, Mirimar.

L. Wallman to J. Wallman. Lot 475, San Mateo City Homestead.

Ira M. Cobe and wife to H. W. Zwick. Lot W, blk 8, Burlingame Terrace.

Geo. H. Gerwin and wife to A. H. Mesick. Lot 17, blk. A,W. W. & M. Subdivision.

Hensley-Green Co. to R. C. Connelly. Lots 39, 50, blk. 11,San Bruno Park.

Same to A. A. Walsh and wife. Lots 51, 52, blk. E. same map

R. H. Smith to L. W. Beauchamp and wife. Lots 10, 11, blk. 5, Huntington Park.

Oaks Co. to R. L. Wilson and wife. Lots 2, 3, blk. 45, Dumbarton Oaks.

Oaks Co to Annie Watson. Lot 4, blk. 54, per same map.

Hensley-Green Co. to W. W. Oliver. Lot 11, lbk. 22, San Bruno Park.

The Alberton Realty Co. to A. Annovassi. Lots 2, 3, blk. 12, No.Palo Alto.

Same to David E. Pound. Lot 1, blk. 12, same tract.

J. H. T. Watkinson to L. Linhares. Lot 15, blk. A, Mission St. Tract.

P. Signorelli and wife to A. Cattaneo. Lot 11, blk. 119, South San Francisco.

w Ry The melancholy days are co H. Law and wife to H. E. Law. 40.33 acres, El Corte Madera Ro.

R. E. Moody to J. B. Coryell. Lot 24, section 2, tp. 3, S. R. 5 W.

J. B. Coryell and wife to Soltherrn Pacific Co. Lot 24, sec. 2, tp. 3 S.R. 5 W.

Same to same. Lots 22, 23, sec.2, and lots 17 to 22, 31, 32, sec. 3; lots 1, 2, 16, sec. 10; lots 10 to —, 3 S. R. 5 W.

R. Wolff to P. Anzenhofer. Lots 1 to 4, blk. 1,Maps S. P. Collins and others, 23 lots of land.

C. W. Morrow et al to Mary Lightfoot. Lots 30, 31, blk. 53, No. Fair Oaks.

COUNTY CORRESPONENTS WANTED

[Advertisement]

OPPOSED TO UNIONISM

Union men and their friends do not patronize the following:

Campbell, electrician, Burlingame

R. LaRue, Plumbing, San Bruno

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Zwick, bld'ng contractor. Burlingame

J. H. Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.

Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.

John Vickerson. building contractor. Burlingame.

Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.

John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

King, sign painter, Belmont.

McMahon, electrical contractor, Burlingame.

Madden, plumber, Burlingame.

Joseph Parody Company.

W. C. Barrack Building Co.

Baird Bros., contractors and builders, Redwood City.

Union men please take notice

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF SAN MATEO COUNTY

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL

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S. P. TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 16, 1913

To San Francisco		Fr. San Francisco	
Leave San Mateo	Arrive S. F.	Leave S. F.	Arrive San Mateo
AM	AM	AM	AM
• 5 48	6 30	4 25	5 06
6 24	7 35	x 6 30	7 04
• 6 41	7 25	• 7 05	7 43
6 57	7 35	8 10	8 46
• 7 22	8 00	9 00	9 32
• 7 45	8 20	10 40	11 17
8 07	8 40	11 40	PM
• 8 25	9 00	PM	12 17
9 05	9 40	1 20	1 57
9 36	10 10	• 2 10	2 54
11 04	11 40	x 3 00	3 32
11 57	PM	3 25	3 55
PM	12 30	4 20	4 54
12 46	1 25	• 5 05	5 42
2 44	3 25	• 5 25	5 58
3 25	4 00	5 40	6 16
4 58	5 30	• 6 00	6 35
5 12	5 50	x 6 30	7 04
6 50	7 20	x 8 10	8 46
7 03	7 45	10 05	10 39
7 28	8 00	11 45	12 20
8 32	9 05		
11 22	11 55		

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Doors
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Tanks
Cement
Lime
Plaster

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NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

TAXES 1913

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Books of the County of San Mateo (real and personal) for the fiscal year 1913, have been received and the taxes on all personal property and one-half of the taxes on all real property are now due and payable and will be delinquent on the **Last Monday in November, 1913, at 6 o'clock P. M.**

And unless paid prior thereto, 15 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. If the said first installment of taxes be not paid before the Last **Monday in April, 1914**, at 6 P. M., an additional 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. The remaining one-half of the taxes on real property will be payable on or after the First **Monday in January**, Next thereafter, and be delinquent on the **Last Monday in April, 1914**, at 6 o'clock P. M. and that unless paid prior thereto 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

All taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

If deed to your property was not recorded before March 1st, 1913, your name will not appear on assessment roll this year.

I will be in attendance to receive taxes at the following places and times:

Pescadero, Wednesday, Octob 22d, at Swanton House, from 1 p. to 5 p. m.

San Gregorio, Thursday, Octob 23d, at E. Montevaldo's, during for noon.

Halfmoon Bay, Saturday, Octob 25th, at Bank of Halfmoon Bay, fro 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

South San Francisco, Wednesda October 29th, at Town Hall, from a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Bruno, Thursday, October 30t at Justice Court Room, from 10 a. to 3 p. m.

Daly City, Saturday, Novemb 1st, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. 4 p. m.

Colma, Monday, November 3d, Belli's Store, from 10 a. m. to 3 p.

Burlingame, Wednesday, Nover ber 5th, at Town Hall, from 9 a. to 4 p. m.

San Mateo, Friday and Saturda November 7th and 8th, at City Ha from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

First Installment Taxes Delinque November 24, at 6 p. m.

Address all communications r garding State and County taxes to

A. McSWEENEY,
County Tax Collector, San Mate County.

REDWOOD CITY, CAL.